

Assembly Bill No. 1461

Passed the Assembly August 31, 2012

Chief Clerk of the Assembly

Passed the Senate August 29, 2012

Secretary of the Senate

This bill was received by the Governor this _____ day
of _____, 2012, at _____ o'clock ____M.

Private Secretary of the Governor

CHAPTER _____

An act to amend Sections 1363 and 1399.829 of, to amend the heading of Article 11.7 (commencing with Section 1399.825) of Chapter 2.2 of Division 2 of, to add Section 1399.836 to, to add Article 11.8 (commencing with Section 1399.845) to Chapter 2.2 of Division 2 of, and to repeal Section 1399.816 of, the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Section 10965.3 of the Insurance Code, relating to health care coverage.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1461, Monning. Individual health care coverage.

(1) Existing federal law, the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) enacts various health care coverage market reforms that take effect January 1, 2014. Among other things, PPACA requires each health insurance issuer that offers health insurance coverage in the individual or group market in a state to accept every employer and individual in the state that applies for that coverage and to renew that coverage at the option of the plan sponsor or the individual. PPACA prohibits a group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage from imposing any preexisting condition exclusion with respect to that plan or coverage. PPACA allows the premium rate charge by a health insurance issuer offering small group or individual coverage to vary only by family composition, rating area, age, and tobacco use, as specified, and prohibits discrimination against individuals based on health status.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law requires plans offering coverage in the individual market to offer coverage for a child subject to specified requirements.

This bill would require a plan, on and after October 1, 2013, to offer, market, and sell all of the plan's health benefit plans that are sold in the individual market to all individuals and dependents in each service area in which the plan provides or arranges for the provision of health care services, with coverage effective on or

after January 1, 2014, as specified, but would require plans to limit enrollment in individual health benefit plans to specified open enrollment and special enrollment periods. The bill would prohibit these health benefit plans from imposing any preexisting condition upon any individual. Commencing January 1, 2014, the bill would prohibit a plan from conditioning the issuance or offering of individual health benefit plans on any health status-related factor, as specified, and would authorize plans to use only age, geographic region, and whether the plan covers an individual or family for purposes of establishing rates for individual health benefit plans, as specified. The bill would require a health care service plan to issue a specified notice at least 60 days prior to the renewal date of an individual grandfathered health plan to all subscribers of the plan. The bill would make certain of these provisions inoperative if the corresponding provisions of PPACA are repealed and would make other related conforming changes.

Because a willful violation of the bill's requirements with respect to health care service plans would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) PPACA requires health insurance issuers to provide a summary of benefits and coverage explanation pursuant to specified standards to applicants and enrollees or policyholders.

Existing law requires health care service plans to use disclosure forms that contain specified information regarding the contracts issued by the plan, including the benefits and coverage of the contract, and the exceptions, reductions, and limitations that apply to the contract. Existing law requires health care service plans that offer individual or small group coverage to also provide a uniform health plan benefits and coverage matrix containing the plan's major provisions, as specified.

This bill would authorize the Department of Managed Health Care to waive or modify those requirements for purposes of compliance with PPACA through issuance of all-plan letters until January 1, 2015.

(3) The bill would provide that it shall become operative only if SB 961 of the 2011–12 Regular Session is also enacted.

(4) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 1363 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1363. (a) The director shall require the use by each plan of disclosure forms or materials containing information regarding the benefits, services, and terms of the plan contract as the director may require, so as to afford the public, subscribers, and enrollees with a full and fair disclosure of the provisions of the plan in readily understood language and in a clearly organized manner. The director may require that the materials be presented in a reasonably uniform manner so as to facilitate comparisons between plan contracts of the same or other types of plans. Nothing contained in this chapter shall preclude the director from permitting the disclosure form to be included with the evidence of coverage or plan contract.

The disclosure form shall provide for at least the following information, in concise and specific terms, relative to the plan, together with additional information as may be required by the director, in connection with the plan or plan contract:

- (1) The principal benefits and coverage of the plan, including coverage for acute care and subacute care.
- (2) The exceptions, reductions, and limitations that apply to the plan.
- (3) The full premium cost of the plan.
- (4) Any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible requirements that may be incurred by the member or the member's family in obtaining coverage under the plan.
- (5) The terms under which the plan may be renewed by the plan member, including any reservation by the plan of any right to change premiums.
- (6) A statement that the disclosure form is a summary only, and that the plan contract itself should be consulted to determine governing contractual provisions. The first page of the disclosure form shall contain a notice that conforms with all of the following conditions:

(A) (i) States that the evidence of coverage discloses the terms and conditions of coverage.

(ii) States, with respect to individual plan contracts, small group plan contracts, and any other group plan contracts for which health care services are not negotiated, that the applicant has a right to view the evidence of coverage prior to enrollment, and, if the evidence of coverage is not combined with the disclosure form, the notice shall specify where the evidence of coverage can be obtained prior to enrollment.

(B) Includes a statement that the disclosure and the evidence of coverage should be read completely and carefully and that individuals with special health care needs should read carefully those sections that apply to them.

(C) Includes the plan's telephone number or numbers that may be used by an applicant to receive additional information about the benefits of the plan or a statement where the telephone number or numbers are located in the disclosure form.

(D) For individual contracts, and small group plan contracts as defined in Article 3.1 (commencing with Section 1357), the disclosure form shall state where the health plan benefits and coverage matrix is located.

(E) Is printed in type no smaller than that used for the remainder of the disclosure form and is displayed prominently on the page.

(7) A statement as to when benefits shall cease in the event of nonpayment of the prepaid or periodic charge and the effect of nonpayment upon an enrollee who is hospitalized or undergoing treatment for an ongoing condition.

(8) To the extent that the plan permits a free choice of provider to its subscribers and enrollees, the statement shall disclose the nature and extent of choice permitted and the financial liability that is, or may be, incurred by the subscriber, enrollee, or a third party by reason of the exercise of that choice.

(9) A summary of the provisions required by subdivision (g) of Section 1373, if applicable.

(10) If the plan utilizes arbitration to settle disputes, a statement of that fact.

(11) A summary of, and a notice of the availability of, the process the plan uses to authorize, modify, or deny health care services under the benefits provided by the plan, pursuant to Sections 1363.5 and 1367.01.

(12) A description of any limitations on the patient's choice of primary care physician, specialty care physician, or nonphysician health care practitioner, based on service area and limitations on the patient's choice of acute care hospital care, subacute or transitional inpatient care, or skilled nursing facility.

(13) General authorization requirements for referral by a primary care physician to a specialty care physician or a nonphysician health care practitioner.

(14) Conditions and procedures for disenrollment.

(15) A description as to how an enrollee may request continuity of care as required by Section 1373.96 and request a second opinion pursuant to Section 1383.15.

(16) Information concerning the right of an enrollee to request an independent review in accordance with Article 5.55 (commencing with Section 1374.30).

(17) A notice as required by Section 1364.5.

(b) (1) As of July 1, 1999, the director shall require each plan offering a contract to an individual or small group to provide with the disclosure form for individual and small group plan contracts a uniform health plan benefits and coverage matrix containing the plan's major provisions in order to facilitate comparisons between plan contracts. The uniform matrix shall include the following category descriptions together with the corresponding copayments and limitations in the following sequence:

(A) Deductibles.

(B) Lifetime maximums.

(C) Professional services.

(D) Outpatient services.

(E) Hospitalization services.

(F) Emergency health coverage.

(G) Ambulance services.

(H) Prescription drug coverage.

(I) Durable medical equipment.

(J) Mental health services.

(K) Chemical dependency services.

(L) Home health services.

(M) Other.

(2) The following statement shall be placed at the top of the matrix in all capital letters in at least 10-point boldface type:

THIS MATRIX IS INTENDED TO BE USED TO HELP YOU COMPARE COVERAGE BENEFITS AND IS A SUMMARY ONLY. THE EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE AND PLAN CONTRACT SHOULD BE CONSULTED FOR A DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE BENEFITS AND LIMITATIONS.

(c) Nothing in this section shall prevent a plan from using appropriate footnotes or disclaimers to reasonably and fairly describe coverage arrangements in order to clarify any part of the matrix that may be unclear.

(d) All plans, solicitors, and representatives of a plan shall, when presenting any plan contract for examination or sale to an individual prospective plan member, provide the individual with a properly completed disclosure form, as prescribed by the director pursuant to this section for each plan so examined or sold.

(e) In the case of group contracts, the completed disclosure form and evidence of coverage shall be presented to the contractholder upon delivery of the completed health care service plan agreement.

(f) Group contractholders shall disseminate copies of the completed disclosure form to all persons eligible to be a subscriber under the group contract at the time those persons are offered the plan. If the individual group members are offered a choice of plans, separate disclosure forms shall be supplied for each plan available. Each group contractholder shall also disseminate or cause to be disseminated copies of the evidence of coverage to all applicants, upon request, prior to enrollment and to all subscribers enrolled under the group contract.

(g) In the case of conflicts between the group contract and the evidence of coverage, the provisions of the evidence of coverage shall be binding upon the plan notwithstanding any provisions in the group contract that may be less favorable to subscribers or enrollees.

(h) In addition to the other disclosures required by this section, every health care service plan and any agent or employee of the plan shall, when presenting a plan for examination or sale to any individual purchaser or the representative of a group consisting of 25 or fewer individuals, disclose in writing the ratio of premium costs to health services paid for plan contracts with individuals and with groups of the same or similar size for the plan's preceding

fiscal year. A plan may report that information by geographic area, provided the plan identifies the geographic area and reports information applicable to that geographic area.

(i) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to any coverage provided by a plan for the Medi-Cal program or the Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII and Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

(j) The department may waive or modify the requirements of this section for the purpose of resolving duplication or conflict with federal requirements for uniform benefit disclosure in effect pursuant to Section 2715 of the federal Public Health Service Act and the regulations adopted thereunder. The department shall implement this subdivision in a manner that preserves disclosure requirements of this section that exceed or are not in direct conflict with federal requirements. Notwithstanding the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), the department shall implement this section through issuance of all-plan letters until January 1, 2015.

SEC. 2. Section 1399.816 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.

SEC. 3. The heading of Article 11.7 (commencing with Section 1399.825) of Chapter 2.2 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

Article 11.7. Child Access to Health Care Coverage

SEC. 4. Section 1399.829 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1399.829. (a) A health care service plan may use the following characteristics of an eligible child for purposes of establishing the rate of the plan contract for that child, where consistent with federal regulations under PPACA: age, geographic region, and family composition, plus the health care service plan contract selected by the child or the responsible party for the child.

(b) From the effective date of this article to December 31, 2013, inclusive, rates for a child applying for coverage shall be subject to the following limitations:

(1) During any open enrollment period or for late enrollees, the rate for any child due to health status shall not be more than two times the standard risk rate for a child.

(2) The rate for a child shall be subject to a 20-percent surcharge above the highest allowable rate on a child applying for coverage who is not a late enrollee and who failed to maintain coverage with any health care service plan or health insurer for the 90-day period prior to the date of the child's application. The surcharge shall apply for the 12-month period following the effective date of the child's coverage.

(3) If expressly permitted under PPACA and any rules, regulations, or guidance issued pursuant to that act, a health care service plan may rate a child based on health status during any period other than an open enrollment period if the child is not a late enrollee.

(4) If expressly permitted under PPACA and any rules, regulations, or guidance issued pursuant to that act, a health care service plan may condition an offer or acceptance of coverage on any preexisting condition or other health status-related factor for a period other than an open enrollment period and for a child who is not a late enrollee.

(c) For any individual health care service plan contract issued, sold, or renewed prior to December 31, 2013, the health plan shall provide to a child or responsible party for a child a notice that states the following:

“Please consider your options carefully before failing to maintain or renewing coverage for a child for whom you are responsible. If you attempt to obtain new individual coverage for that child, the premium for the same coverage may be higher than the premium you pay now.”

(d) A child who applied for coverage between September 23, 2010, and the end of the initial open enrollment period shall be deemed to have maintained coverage during that period.

(e) Effective January 1, 2014, except for individual grandfathered health plan coverage, the rate for any child shall be identical to the standard risk rate.

(f) Health care service plans shall not require documentation from applicants relating to their coverage history.

(g) (1) On and after January 1, 2013, and until January 1, 2014, a health care service plan shall provide a notice to all applicants for coverage under this article and to all enrollees, or the

responsible party for an enrollee, renewing coverage under this article that contains the following information:

(A) Information about the open enrollment period provided under Section 1399.849.

(B) An explanation that obtaining coverage during the open enrollment period described in Section 1399.849 will not affect the effective dates of coverage for coverage purchased pursuant to this article unless the applicant cancels that coverage.

(C) An explanation that coverage purchased pursuant to this section shall be effective as required under subdivision (d) of Section 1399.826 and that such coverage shall not prevent an applicant from obtaining new coverage during the open enrollment period described in Section 1399.849.

(D) Information about the Medi-Cal program and the Healthy Families Program and about subsidies available through the California Health Benefit Exchange.

(2) The notice described in paragraph (1) shall be in plain language and 14-point type.

(3) The department may adopt a model notice to be used by health care service plans in order to comply with this subdivision, and shall consult with the Department of Insurance in adopting that model notice. Use of the model notice shall not require prior approval of the department. Any model notice designated by the department for purposes of this section shall not be subject to the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code).

SEC. 5. Section 1399.836 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:

1399.836. Commencing January 1, 2014, in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this chapter and the provisions of Chapter 11.8 (commencing with Section 1399.845), the provisions of Chapter 11.8 (commencing with Section 1399.845) shall prevail, except where subdivision (j) of Section 1399.849 or subdivision (e) of Section 1399.855 makes any of the provisions of Chapter 11.8 (commencing with Section 1399.845) inoperative, in which case the provisions of this chapter and the operative provisions of Chapter 11.8 (commencing with Section 1399.845) shall be harmonized to the extent permitted by federal law.

SEC. 6. Article 11.8 (commencing with Section 1399.845) is added to Chapter 2.2 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, to read:

Article 11.8. Individual Access to Health Care Coverage

1399.845. For purposes of this article, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) “Child” means a child described in Section 22775 of the Government Code and subdivisions (n) to (p), inclusive, of Section 599.500 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations.

(b) “Dependent” means the spouse or registered domestic partner, or child, of an individual, subject to applicable terms of the health benefit plan.

(c) “Exchange” means the California Health Benefit Exchange created by Section 100500 of the Government Code.

(d) “Grandfathered health plan” has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 1251 of PPACA.

(e) “Health benefit plan” means any individual or group health care service plan contract that provides medical, hospital, and surgical benefits. The term does not include a specialized health care service plan contract, a health care service plan conversion contract offered pursuant to Section 1373.6, a health care service plan contract provided in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), the Access for Infants and Mothers Program (Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 12695) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), or the program under Part 6.4 (commencing with Section 12699.50) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, a health care service plan contract offered to a federally eligible defined individual under Article 4.6 (commencing with Section 1366.35), or Medicare supplement coverage, to the extent consistent with PPACA.

(f) “Policy year” has the meaning set forth in Section 144.103 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(g) “PPACA” means the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010

(Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance issued pursuant to that law.

(h) “Preexisting condition provision” means a contract provision that excludes coverage for charges or expenses incurred during a specified period following the enrollee’s effective date of coverage, as to a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during a specified period immediately preceding the effective date of coverage.

(i) “Qualified health plan” has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 1301 of PPACA.

(j) “Rating period” means the period for which premium rates established by a plan are in effect.

(k) “Registered domestic partner” means a person who has established a domestic partnership as described in Section 297 of the Family Code.

1399.847. Every health care service plan offering individual health benefit plans shall, in addition to complying with the provisions of this chapter and rules adopted thereunder, comply with the provisions of this article.

1399.849. (a) (1) On and after October 1, 2013, a plan shall fairly and affirmatively offer, market, and sell all of the plan’s health benefit plans that are sold in the individual market for policy years on or after January 1, 2014, to all individuals and dependents in each service area in which the plan provides or arranges for the provision of health care services. A plan shall limit enrollment in individual health benefit plans to open enrollment periods and special enrollment periods as provided in subdivisions (c) and (d).

(2) A plan that offers qualified health plans through the Exchange shall be deemed to be in compliance with paragraph (1) with respect to an individual health benefit plan offered through the Exchange in those geographic regions in which the plan offers health benefit plans through the Exchange.

(3) A plan shall allow the subscriber of an individual health benefit plan to add a dependent to the subscriber’s plan at the option of the subscriber, consistent with the open enrollment, annual enrollment, and special enrollment period requirements in this section.

(4) A health care service plan offering coverage in the individual market shall not reject the request of a subscriber during an open

enrollment period to include a dependent of the subscriber as a dependent on an existing individual health benefit plan.

(b) An individual health benefit plan issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014, shall not impose any preexisting condition provision upon any individual.

(c) A plan shall provide an initial open enrollment period from October 1, 2013, to March 31, 2014, inclusive, and annual enrollment periods for plan years on or after January 1, 2015, from October 15 to December 7, inclusive, of the preceding calendar year.

(d) (1) Subject to subdivision (e), commencing January 1, 2014, a plan shall allow an individual to enroll in or change individual health benefit plans offered outside the Exchange as a result of the following triggering events:

(A) He or she or his or her dependent loses minimum essential coverage. For purposes of this paragraph, both of the following definitions shall apply:

(i) “Minimum essential coverage” has the same meaning as that term is defined in subsection (f) of Section 5000A of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 5000A).

(ii) “Loss of minimum essential coverage” includes loss of that coverage due to the circumstances described in Section 54.9801-6(a)(3)(i) to (iii), inclusive, of Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations. “Loss of minimum essential coverage” does not include loss of that coverage due to the individual’s failure to pay premiums on a timely basis or situations allowing for a rescission, subject to Section 1389.21.

(B) He or she gains a dependent or becomes a dependent.

(C) He or she is mandated to be covered pursuant to a valid state or federal court order.

(D) He or she has been released from incarceration.

(E) His or her health benefit plan substantially violated a material provision of the contract.

(F) He or she gains access to new health benefit plans as a result of a permanent move.

(G) He or she was receiving services from a contracting provider under another health benefit plan, as defined in Section 1399.845 or Section 10965 of the Insurance Code, for one of the conditions described in subdivision (c) of Section 1373.96 and that provider is no longer participating in the health benefit plan.

(2) Subject to subdivision (e), commencing January 1, 2014, a health insurer shall allow an individual to enroll in or change individual health benefit plans offered through the Exchange as a result of the triggering events listed in Section 155.420(d) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations. To the extent permitted by federal law, any triggering event described in paragraph (1) that is not listed in Section 155.420(d)(1) to (8), inclusive, of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations shall be considered an exceptional circumstance under Section 155.420(d)(9) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(e) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered outside the Exchange, an individual shall have 60 days from the date of a triggering event identified in subdivision (d) to apply for coverage from a health care service plan subject to this section. With respect to individual health benefit plans offered through the Exchange, an individual shall have 60 days from the date of a triggering event identified in subdivision (d) to select a plan offered through the Exchange.

(f) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered outside the Exchange, after an individual submits a completed application form for a plan, the health care service plan shall, within 30 days, notify the individual of the individual's actual premium charges for that plan established in accordance with Section 1399.855. The individual shall have 30 days in which to exercise the right to buy coverage at the quoted premium charges.

(g) (1) With respect to an individual health benefit plan offered outside the Exchange for which an individual applies during the initial open enrollment period described in subdivision (c), when the subscriber submits a premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs earlier, by December 15, 2013, coverage under the individual health benefit plan shall become effective no later than January 1, 2014. When that payment is delivered or postmarked within the first 15 days of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the following month. When that payment is delivered or postmarked between December 16, 2013, and December 31, 2013, inclusive, or after the 15th day of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark of the payment.

(2) With respect to an individual health benefit plan offered outside the Exchange for which an individual applies during the annual open enrollment period described in subdivision (c), when the individual submits a premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs later, by December 15, coverage shall become effective as of the following January 1. When that payment is delivered or postmarked within the first 15 days of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the following month. When that payment is delivered or postmarked between December 16 and December 31, inclusive, or after the 15th day of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark of the payment.

(3) With respect to an individual health benefit plan offered outside the Exchange for which an individual applies during a special enrollment period described in subdivision (d), the following provisions shall apply:

(A) When the individual submits a premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs earlier, within the first 15 days of the month, coverage under the plan shall become effective no later than the first day of the following month.

(B) When the premium payment is neither delivered nor postmarked until after the 15th day of the month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark of the payment.

(C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or (B), in the case of a birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, the coverage shall be effective on the date of birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

(D) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or (B), in the case of marriage or becoming a registered domestic partner or in the case where a qualified individual loses minimum essential coverage, the coverage effective date shall be the first day of the following month.

(4) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered through the Exchange, the effective date of coverage selected pursuant to this section shall be the same as the applicable date specified in Section 155.410 or 155.420 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(h) (1) On or after January 1, 2014, a health care service plan shall not establish rules for eligibility, including continued eligibility, of any individual to enroll under the terms of an individual health benefit plan based on any of the following factors:

- (A) Health status.
- (B) Medical condition, including physical and mental illnesses.
- (C) Claims experience.
- (D) Receipt of health care.
- (E) Medical history.
- (F) Genetic information.
- (G) Evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence.
- (H) Disability.
- (I) Any other health status-related factor as determined by any federal regulations, rules, or guidance issued pursuant to Section 2705 of the federal Public Health Service Act.

(2) Notwithstanding Section 1389.1, a health care service plan shall not require an individual applicant or his or her dependent to fill out a health assessment or medical questionnaire prior to enrollment under an individual health benefit plan. A health care service plan shall not acquire or request information that relates to a health status-related factor from the applicant or his or her dependent or any other source prior to enrollment of the individual.

(i) This section shall not apply to an individual health benefit plan that is a grandfathered health plan.

(j) The following provisions of this section shall become inoperative if Section 2702 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-1), as added by Section 1201 of PPACA, is repealed:

- (1) Subdivision (a).
- (2) Subdivisions (c), (d), (e), and (g), except as they relate to health benefit plans offered through the Exchange.

1399.851. (a) Commencing January 1, 2014, no health care service plan or solicitor shall, directly or indirectly, engage in the following activities:

- (1) Encourage or direct an individual to refrain from filing an application for individual coverage with a plan because of the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation, or geographic location, provided that the location is within the plan's approved service area, of the individual.

(2) Encourage or direct an individual to seek individual coverage from another plan or health insurer or the California Health Benefit Exchange because of the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation, or geographic location, provided that the location is within the plan's approved service area, of the individual.

(b) Commencing January 1, 2014, a health care service plan shall not, directly or indirectly, enter into any contract, agreement, or arrangement with a solicitor that provides for or results in the compensation paid to a solicitor for the sale of an individual health benefit plan to be varied because of the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation, or geographic location of the individual. This subdivision does not apply to a compensation arrangement that provides compensation to a solicitor on the basis of percentage of premium, provided that the percentage shall not vary because of the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation, or geographic area of the individual.

1399.853. (a) All individual health benefit plans shall conform to the requirements of Sections 1365, 1366.3, 1367.001, and 1373.6, and any other requirements imposed by this chapter, and shall be renewable at the option of the enrollee except as permitted to be canceled, rescinded, or not renewed pursuant to Section 1365.

(b) Any plan that ceases to offer for sale new individual health benefit plans pursuant to Section 1365 shall continue to be governed by this article with respect to business conducted under this article.

1399.855. (a) With respect to individual health benefit plans issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014, a health care service plan may use only the following characteristics of an individual, and any dependent thereof, for purposes of establishing the rate of the individual health benefit plan covering the individual and the eligible dependents thereof, along with the health benefit plan selected by the individual:

(1) Age, pursuant to the age bands established by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services pursuant to Section 2701(a)(3) of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg(a)(3)). Rates based on age shall be determined based on the individual's birthday and shall not vary by more than three to one for adults.

(2) (A) Geographic region. The geographic regions for purposes of rating shall be the following:

(i) Region 1 shall consist of the Counties of Alpine, Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Lassen, Shasta, Trinity, Humboldt, Tehama, Plumas, Nevada, Sierra, Mendocino, Lake, Butte, Glenn, Sutter, Yuba, Colusa, Amador, Calaveras, and Tuolumne.

(ii) Region 2 shall consist of the Counties of Napa, Sonoma, Solano, and Marin.

(iii) Region 3 shall consist of the Counties of Sacramento, Placer, El Dorado, and Yolo.

(iv) Region 4 shall consist of the County of San Francisco.

(v) Region 5 shall consist of the County of Contra Costa.

(vi) Region 6 shall consist of the County of Alameda.

(vii) Region 7 shall consist of the County of Santa Clara.

(viii) Region 8 shall consist of the County of San Mateo.

(ix) Region 9 shall consist of the Counties of Santa Cruz, Monterey, and San Benito.

(x) Region 10 shall consist of the Counties of San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Mariposa, and Tulare.

(xi) Region 11 shall consist of the Counties of Madera, Fresno, and Kings.

(xii) Region 12 shall consist of the Counties of San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, and Ventura.

(xiii) Region 13 shall consist of the Counties of Mono, Inyo, and Imperial.

(xiv) Region 14 shall consist of the County of Kern.

(xv) Region 15 shall consist of the ZIP Codes in Los Angeles County starting with 906 to 912, inclusive, 915, 917, 918, and 935.

(xvi) Region 16 shall consist of the ZIP Codes in Los Angeles County other than those identified in clause (xv).

(xvii) Region 17 shall consist of the Counties of San Bernardino and Riverside.

(xviii) Region 18 shall consist of the County of Orange.

(xix) Region 19 shall consist of the County of San Diego.

(B) No later than June 1, 2017, the department, in collaboration with the Exchange and the Department of Insurance, shall review the geographic rating regions specified in this paragraph and the impacts of those regions on the health care coverage market in California, and make a report to the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature.

(3) Whether the health benefit plan covers an individual or family, as described in PPACA.

(b) The rate for a health benefit plan subject to this section shall not vary by any factor not described in this section.

(c) The rating period for rates subject to this section shall be from January 1 to December 31, inclusive.

(d) This section shall not apply to an individual health benefit plan that is a grandfathered health plan.

(e) This section shall become inoperative if Section 2701 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg), as added by Section 1201 of PPACA, is repealed.

1399.857. A health care service plan shall not be required to offer an individual health benefit plan or accept applications for the plan pursuant to this article in the case of any of the following:

(a) To an individual who does not work or reside within the plan's approved service areas.

(b) (1) Within a specific service area or portion of a service area, if the plan reasonably anticipates and demonstrates to the satisfaction of the director that it will not have sufficient health care delivery resources to ensure that health care services will be available and accessible to the individual because of its obligations to existing enrollees.

(2) A health care service plan that cannot offer an individual health benefit plan to individuals because it is lacking in sufficient health care delivery resources within a service area or a portion of a service area may not offer a health benefit plan in the area in which the plan is not offering coverage to individuals to new employer groups until the plan notifies the director that it has the ability to deliver services to individuals, and certifies to the director that from the date of the notice it will enroll all individuals requesting coverage in that area from the plan.

(3) Nothing in this article shall be construed to limit the director's authority to develop and implement a plan of rehabilitation for a health care service plan whose financial viability or organizational and administrative capacity has become impaired.

1399.859. The director may require a health care service plan to discontinue the offering of individual health benefit plans or acceptance of applications from any individual upon a determination by the director that the plan does not have sufficient financial viability or organizational and administrative capacity to ensure the delivery of health care services to its enrollees. In determining whether the conditions of this section have been met,

the director shall consider, but not be limited to, the plan's compliance with the requirements of Section 1367, Article 6 (commencing with Section 1375.1), and the rules adopted under those provisions.

1399.860. (a) On or before October 1, 2013, and annually thereafter, a health care service plan shall issue the following notice to all subscribers enrolled in an individual health benefit plan that is a grandfathered health plan:

New improved health insurance options are available in California. You currently have health insurance that is exempt from many of the new requirements. For instance, your plan may not include certain consumer protections that apply to other plans, such as the requirement for the provision of preventive health services without any cost sharing and the prohibition against increasing your rates based on your health status. You have the option to remain in your current plan or switch to a new plan. Under the new rules, a health plan cannot deny your application based on any health conditions you may have. For more information about your options, please contact the California Health Benefit Exchange, the Office of Patient Advocate, your plan representative, an insurance broker, or a health care navigator.

(b) A health care service plan shall include the notice described in subdivision (a) in any renewal material of the individual grandfathered health plan and in any application for dependent coverage under the individual grandfathered health plan.

1399.861. Except as otherwise provided in this article, this article shall be implemented to the extent that it meets or exceeds the requirements set forth in the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), as amended by the federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152), and any rules, regulations, or guidance issued pursuant to that law.

SEC. 7. Section 10965.3 of the Insurance Code, as added by Section 5 of Senate Bill 961 of the 2011–12 Regular Session, is amended to read:

10965.3. (a) (1) On and after October 1, 2013, a health insurer shall fairly and affirmatively offer, market, and sell all of the insurer's health benefit plans that are sold in the individual market

for policy years on or after January 1, 2014, to all individuals and dependents in each service area in which the insurer provides or arranges for the provision of health care services. An insurer shall limit enrollment in individual health benefit plans to open enrollment periods and special enrollment periods as provided in subdivisions (c) and (d).

(2) A health insurer that offers qualified health plans through the Exchange shall be deemed to be in compliance with paragraph (1) with respect to an individual health benefit plan offered through the Exchange in those geographic regions in which the insurer offers health benefit plans through the Exchange.

(3) A health insurer shall allow the policyholder of an individual health benefit plan to add a dependent to the policyholder's health benefit plan at the option of the policyholder, consistent with the open enrollment, annual enrollment, and special enrollment period requirements in this section.

(4) A health insurer offering coverage in the individual market shall not reject the request of a policyholder during an open enrollment period to include a dependent of the policyholder as a dependent on an existing individual health benefit plan.

(b) An individual health benefit plan issued, amended, or renewed shall not impose any preexisting condition provision upon any individual.

(c) A health insurer shall provide an initial open enrollment period from October 1, 2013, to March 31, 2014, inclusive, and annual enrollment periods for plan years on or after January 1, 2015, from October 15 to December 7, inclusive, of the preceding calendar year.

(d) (1) Subject to subdivision (e), commencing January 1, 2014, a health insurer shall allow an individual to enroll in or change individual health benefit plans offered outside the Exchange as a result of the following triggering events:

(A) He or she or his or her dependent loses minimum essential coverage. For purposes of this paragraph, both of the following definitions shall apply:

(i) "Minimum essential coverage" has the same meaning as that term is defined in subsection (f) of Section 5000A of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 5000A).

(ii) "Loss of minimum essential coverage" includes loss of that coverage due to the circumstances described in Section

54.9801-6(a)(3)(i) to (iii), inclusive, of Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations. “Loss of minimum essential coverage” does not include loss of that coverage due to the individual’s failure to pay premiums on a timely basis or situations allowing for a rescission, subject to Section 10384.17.

(B) He or she gains a dependent or becomes a dependent.

(C) He or she is mandated to be covered pursuant to a valid state or federal court order.

(D) He or she has been released from incarceration.

(E) His or her health benefit plan substantially violated a material provision of the policy.

(F) He or she gains access to new health benefit plans as a result of a permanent move.

(G) He or she was receiving services from a contracting provider under another health benefit plan, as defined in Section 10965 or Section 1399.845 of the Health and Safety Code, for one of the conditions described in subdivision (a) of Section 10133.56 and that provider is no longer participating in the health benefit plan.

(2) Subject to subdivision (e), commencing January 1, 2014, a health insurer shall allow an individual to enroll in or change individual health benefit plans offered through the Exchange as a result of the triggering events listed in Section 155.420(d) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations. To the extent permitted by federal law, any triggering event described in paragraph (1) that is not listed in Section 155.420(d)(1) to (8), inclusive, of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations shall be considered an exceptional circumstance under Section 155.420(d)(9) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(e) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered outside the Exchange, an individual shall have 60 days from the date of a triggering event identified in subdivision (d) to apply for coverage from a health benefit plan subject to this section. With respect to individual health benefit plans offered through the Exchange, an individual shall have 60 days from the date of a triggering event identified in subdivision (d) to select a plan offered through the Exchange.

(f) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered outside the Exchange, after an individual submits a completed application form for a plan, the insurer shall, within 30 days, notify the individual of the individual’s actual premium charges for that plan

established in accordance with Section 10965.9. The individual shall have 30 days in which to exercise the right to buy coverage at the quoted premium charges.

(g) (1) With respect to an individual health benefit plan offered outside the Exchange for which an individual applies during the initial open enrollment period described in subdivision (c), when the individual submits a premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs earlier, by December 15, 2013, coverage under the individual health benefit plan shall become effective no later than January 1, 2014. When that payment is delivered or postmarked within the first 15 days of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the following month. When that payment is delivered or postmarked between December 16, 2013, and December 31, 2013, inclusive, or after the 15th day of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark of the payment.

(2) With respect to an individual health benefit plan offered outside the Exchange for which an individual applies during the annual open enrollment period described in subdivision (c), when the individual submits a premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs later, by December 15, coverage shall become effective as of the following January 1. When that payment is delivered or postmarked within the first 15 days of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the following month. When that payment is delivered or postmarked between December 16 and December 31, inclusive, or after the 15th day of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark of the payment.

(3) With respect to an individual health benefit plan offered outside the Exchange for which an individual applies during a special enrollment period described in subdivision (d), the following provisions shall apply:

(A) When the individual submits a premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs earlier, within the first 15 days of

the month, coverage under the plan shall become effective no later than the first day of the following month.

(B) When the premium payment is neither delivered nor postmarked until after the 15th day of the month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark of the payment.

(C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or (B), in the case of a birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, the coverage shall be effective on the date of birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

(D) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or (B), in the case of marriage or becoming a registered domestic partner or in the case where a qualified individual loses minimum essential coverage, the coverage effective date shall be the first day of the following month.

(4) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered through the Exchange, the effective date of coverage selected pursuant to this section shall be the same as the applicable date specified in Section 155.410 or 155.420 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(h) (1) On or after January 1, 2014, a health insurer shall not establish rules for eligibility, including continued eligibility, of any individual to enroll under the terms of an individual health benefit plan based on any of the following factors:

(A) Health status.

(B) Medical condition, including physical and mental illnesses.

(C) Claims experience.

(D) Receipt of health care.

(E) Medical history.

(F) Genetic information.

(G) Evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence.

(H) Disability.

(I) Any other health status-related factor as determined by any federal regulations, rules, or guidance issued pursuant to Section 2705 of the federal Public Health Service Act.

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (c) of Section 10291.5, a health insurer shall not require an individual applicant or his or her dependent to fill out a health assessment or medical questionnaire prior to enrollment under an individual health benefit plan. A health insurer shall not acquire or request information that relates to a

health status-related factor from the applicant or his or her dependent or any other source prior to enrollment of the individual.

(i) This section shall not apply to an individual health benefit plan that is a grandfathered health plan.

(j) The following provisions of this section shall become inoperative if Section 2702 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-1), as added by Section 1201 of PPACA, is repealed:

(1) Subdivision (a).

(2) Subdivisions (c), (d), (e), and (g), except as they relate to health benefit plans offered through the Exchange.

SEC. 8. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

SEC. 9. This act shall become operative only if Senate Bill 961 of the 2011–12 Regular Session is enacted and takes effect.

Approved _____, 2012

Governor