AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 11, 2011
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 28, 2011
AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 31, 2011
AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 9, 2011
AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 25, 2011
AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 5, 2011

SENATE BILL No. 51

Introduced by Senator Alquist

December 15, 2010

An act to add Sections 1367.001 and 1367.003 to the Health and Safety Code, and to add Sections 10112.1 and 10112.25 to the Insurance Code, relating to health care coverage.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 51, as amended, Alquist. Health care coverage.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law prohibits a health care service plan from expending for administrative costs, as defined, an excessive amount of the payments the plan receives for providing health care services to its subscribers and enrollees.

Existing law provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. The Insurance Commissioner is required to withdraw approval of an individual or mass-marketed health insurance

policy if the commissioner finds that the benefits provided under the policy are unreasonable in relation to the premium charged, as specified.

The federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act prohibits a health insurance issuer issuing health insurance coverage from establishing lifetime limits or unreasonable annual limits on the dollar value of benefits for any participant or beneficiary, as specified. The act also requires a health insurance issuer issuing health insurance coverage to comply with minimum medical loss ratios and to provide an annual rebate to each insured if the medical loss ratio of the amount of the revenue expended by the issuer on costs to the total amount of premium revenue is less than a certain percentage, as specified.

This bill would require health care service plans and health insurers to comply with the requirements imposed under those federal provisions, as specified. The bill would authorize the Director of the Department of Managed Health Care and the Insurance Commissioner to promulgate regulations and emergency regulations to implement requirements relating to medical loss ratios, as specified.

Because a willful violation of those requirements with respect to health care service plans would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1367.001 is added to the Health and
2 Safety Code, to read:
3 1367.001. (a) To the extent required by federal law, every
4 health care service plan that issues, sells, renews, or offers contracts
5 for health care coverage in this state shall comply with the
6 requirements of Section 2711 of the federal Public Health Service
7 Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-11) and any rules or regulations issued
8 under that section, in addition to any state laws or regulations that
9 do not prevent the application of those requirements.

~~(b) This section shall not apply to a specialized health care service plan, a health care service plan offered in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), or a health care service plan offered in the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), the California Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), or the Federal Temporary High Risk Insurance Pool (Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code).~~

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to a health care service plan contract or insurance policy issued, sold, renewed, or offered for health care services or coverage provided in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), the Access for Infants and Mothers Program (Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 12695) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), the California Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), or the Federal Temporary High Risk Insurance Pool (Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), to the extent consistent with the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148).

SEC. 2. Section 1367.003 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:

1367.003. (a) Every health care service plan that issues, sells, renews, or offers health care service plan contracts for health care coverage in this state, including a grandfathered health plan, but not including specialized health care service plan contracts, shall provide an annual rebate to each enrollee under such coverage, on a pro rata basis, if the ratio of the amount of premium revenue expended by the health care service plan on the costs for reimbursement for clinical services provided to enrollees under such coverage and for activities that improve health care quality to the total amount of premium revenue, excluding federal and state taxes and licensing or regulatory fees and after accounting

for payments or receipts for risk adjustment, risk corridors, and reinsurance, is less than the following:

(1) With respect to a health care service plan offering coverage in the large group market, 85 percent.

(2) With respect to a health care service plan offering coverage in the small group market or in the individual market, 80 percent.

(b) Every health care service plan that issues, sells, renews, or offers health care service plan contracts for health care coverage in this state, including a grandfathered health plan, shall comply with the following minimum medical loss ratios:

(1) With respect to a health care service plan offering coverage in the large group market, 85 percent.

(2) With respect to a health care service plan offering coverage in the small group market or in the individual market, 80 percent.

(c) (1) The total amount of an annual rebate required under this section shall be calculated in an amount equal to the product of the following:

(A) The amount by which the percentage described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) exceeds the ratio described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a).

(B) The total amount of premium revenue, excluding federal and state taxes and licensing or regulatory fees and after accounting for payments or receipts for risk adjustment, risk corridors, and reinsurance.

(2) A health care service plan shall provide any rebate owing to an enrollee no later than August 1 of the calendar year following the year for which the ratio described in subdivision (a) was calculated.

(d) (1) The director may adopt regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) that are necessary to implement the medical loss ratio as described under Section 2718 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-18), and any federal rules or regulations issued under that section.

(2) The director may also adopt emergency regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) when it is necessary to implement the applicable provisions of this section and to address specific

conflicts between state and federal law that prevent implementation of federal law and guidance pursuant to Section 2718 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-18). The initial adoption of the emergency regulations shall be deemed to be an emergency and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or general welfare.

(e) The department shall consult with the Department of Insurance in adopting necessary regulations, and in taking any other action for the purpose of implementing this section.

(f) This section shall be implemented to the extent required by federal law and shall comply with, and not exceed, the scope of Section 2791 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-91) and the requirements of Section 2718 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-18) and any rules or regulations issued under those sections.

~~(g) This section shall not apply to a specialized health care service plan, a health care service plan offered in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), or a health care service plan offered in the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), the California Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), or the Federal Temporary High Risk Insurance Pool (Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code).~~

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to a health care service plan contract or insurance policy issued, sold, renewed, or offered for health care services or coverage provided in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), the Access for Infants and Mothers Program (Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 12695) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), the California Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code), or the Federal Temporary High Risk Insurance Pool (Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5) of Division 2 of the Insurance

Code), to the extent consistent with the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148).

SEC. 3. Section 10112.1 is added to the Insurance Code, to read:

10112.1. (a) To the extent required by federal law, every health insurer that issues, sells, renews, or offers policies for health care coverage in this state shall comply with the requirements of Section 2711 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-11) and any rules or regulations issued under that section, in addition to any state laws or regulations that do not prevent the application of those requirements.

~~(b) This section shall not apply to a specialized health insurance policy, a health insurance policy offered in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), or a health insurance policy offered in the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693)), the California Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700)), or the Federal Temporary High Risk Insurance Pool (Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5)).~~

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to a health care service plan contract or insurance policy issued, sold, renewed, or offered for health care services or coverage provided in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693)), the Access for Infants and Mothers Program (Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 12695)), the California Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700)), or the Federal Temporary High Risk Insurance Pool (Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5)), to the extent consistent with the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148).

SEC. 4. Section 10112.25 is added to the Insurance Code, to read:

10112.25. (a) Every health insurer that issues, sells, renews, or offers health insurance policies for health care coverage in this state, including a grandfathered health plan, but not including specialized health insurance policies, shall provide an annual rebate to each insured under such coverage, on a pro rata basis, if the

1 ratio of the amount of premium revenue expended by the health
2 insurer on the costs for reimbursement for clinical services
3 provided to insureds under such coverage and for activities that
4 improve health care quality to the total amount of premium
5 revenue, excluding federal and state taxes and licensing or
6 regulatory fees and after accounting for payments or receipts for
7 risk adjustment, risk corridors, and reinsurance, is less than the
8 following:
9 (1) With respect to a health insurer offering coverage in the
10 large group market, 85 percent.
11 (2) With respect to a health insurer offering coverage in the
12 small group market or in the individual market, 80 percent.
13 (b) Every health insurer that issues, sells, renews, or offers health
14 insurance policies for health care coverage in this state, including
15 a grandfathered health plan, shall comply with the following
16 minimum medical loss ratios:
17 (1) With respect to a health insurer offering coverage in the
18 large group market, 85 percent.
19 (2) With respect to a health insurer offering coverage in the
20 small group market or in the individual market, 80 percent.
21 (c) (1) The total amount of an annual rebate required under this
22 section shall be calculated in an amount equal to the product of
23 the following:
24 (A) The amount by which the percentage described in paragraph
25 (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) exceeds the ratio described in paragraph
26 (1) or (2) of subdivision (a).
27 (B) The total amount of premium revenue, excluding federal
28 and state taxes and licensing or regulatory fees and after accounting
29 for payments or receipts for risk adjustment, risk corridors, and
30 reinsurance.
31 (2) A health insurer shall provide any rebate owing to an insured
32 no later than August 1 of the calendar year following the year for
33 which the ratio described in subdivision (a) was calculated.
34 (d) (1) The commissioner may adopt regulations in accordance
35 with the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing
36 with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the
37 Government Code) that are necessary to implement the medical
38 loss ratio as described under Section 2718 of the federal Public
39 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-18), and any federal
40 rules or regulations issued under that section.

(2) The commissioner may also adopt emergency regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) when it is necessary to implement the applicable provisions of this section and to address specific conflicts between state and federal law that prevent implementation of federal law and guidance pursuant to Section 2718 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-18). The initial adoption of the emergency regulations shall be deemed to be an emergency and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or general welfare.

(e) The department shall consult with the Department of Managed Health Care in adopting necessary regulations, and in taking any other action for the purpose of implementing this section.

(f) This section shall be implemented to the extent required by federal law and shall comply with, and not exceed, the scope of Section 2791 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-91) and the requirements of Section 2718 of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-18) and any rules or regulations issued under those sections.

~~(g) This section shall not apply to a specialized health insurance policy, a health insurance policy offered in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), or a health insurance policy offered in the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693)), the California Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700)), or the Federal Temporary High Risk Insurance Pool (Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5)).~~

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to a health care service plan contract or insurance policy issued, sold, renewed, or offered for health care services or coverage provided in the Medi-Cal program (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the Healthy Families Program (Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693)), the Access for Infants and Mothers Program (Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 12695)), the California Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700)), or the Federal Temporary High Risk Insurance Pool

1 *(Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5)), to the extent*
2 *consistent with the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care*
3 *Act (Public Law 111-148).*
4 SEC. 5. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
5 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
6 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
7 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
8 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
9 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
10 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
11 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
12 Constitution.

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