



Chartpack

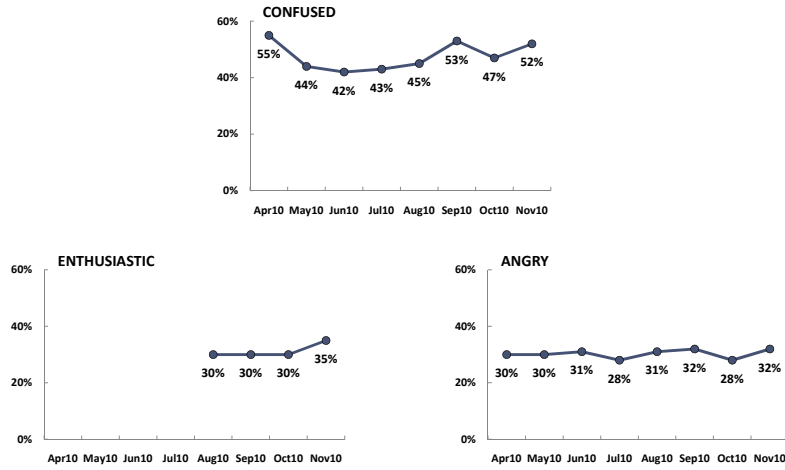
Kaiser Health Tracking Poll: November 2010

November 2010

CHART 8

Emotional Reactions to Health Reform

Percent who say that each of the following describes their feelings about the health reform law:



Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Polls

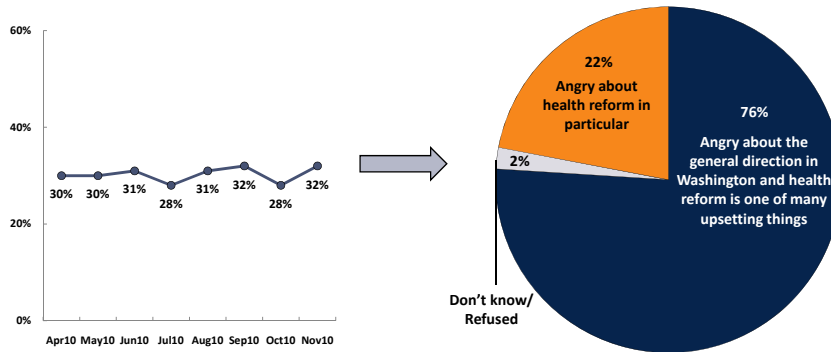


CHART 9

Anger More General Than Specific to Health Reform

Percent who say that 'angry' describes their feelings about the health reform law:

Among the 32% who feel 'angry' about the health reform law: Would you say you are angry about health reform in particular, or would you say that you are angry about the general direction in Washington and health reform is one of many things upsetting you?



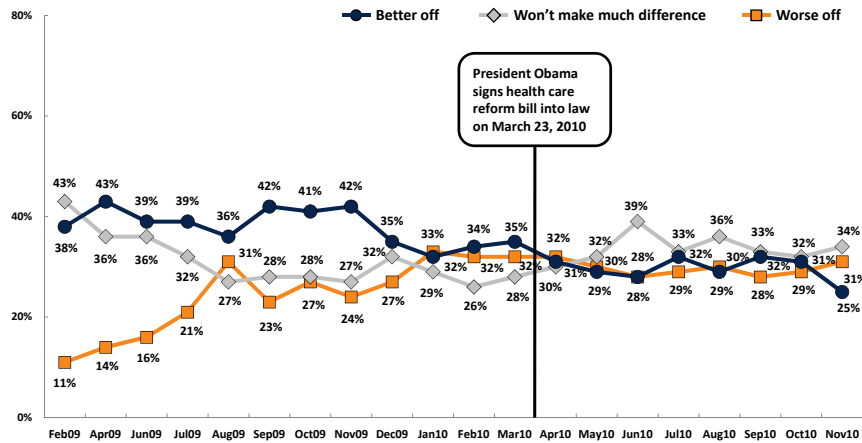
Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Polls



CHART 10

Perception of Positive Personal Impact Falls To New Low

Do you think you and your family will be better off or worse off under the new health reform law, or don't you think it will make much difference?



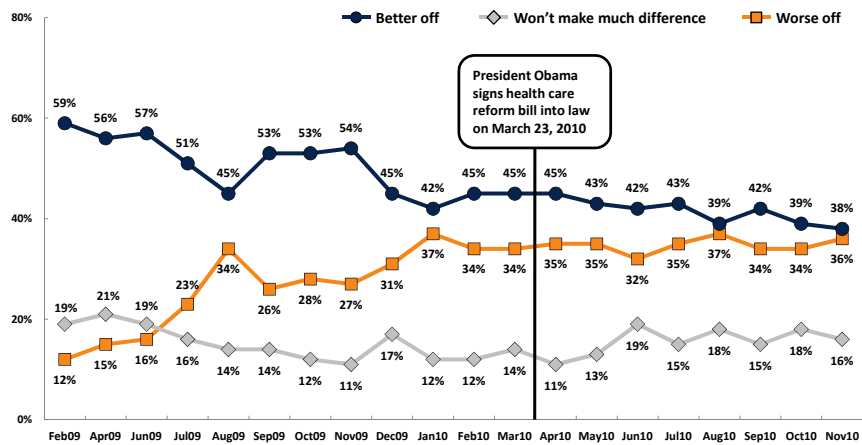
Note: "Depends" (vol.) and Don't know/Refused answers not shown.
Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Polls



CHART 11

No Agreement as to Whether Country Will Benefit

Do you think the country as a whole will be better off or worse off under the new health reform law, or don't you think it will make much difference?



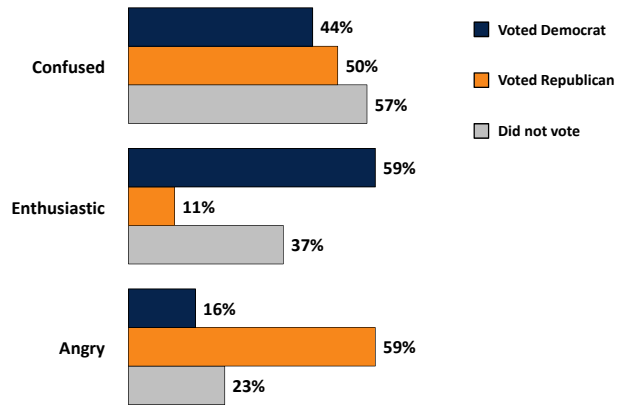
Note: "Depends" (vol.) and Don't know/Refused answers not shown.
Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Polls



CHART 12

Emotional Reactions to Health Reform Among Voters and Non-Voters

Percent who say that each of the following describes their feelings about the health reform law:



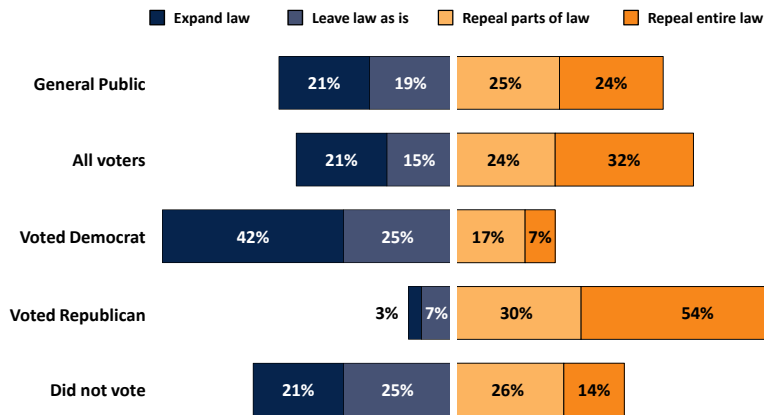
Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Poll (conducted November 3-6, 2010)



CHART 13

About Half Want to Repeal All or Part of Law

Which of the following comes closest to your view of what lawmakers in Washington should do with the new health reform law:



Note: Don't know/Refused answers not shown.

Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Poll (conducted November 3-6, 2010)



CHART 14

Still, Most Want to Keep Key Provisions of the Law

I'm going to read you several elements of the health reform law. For each, please tell me if you think lawmakers should keep it or repeal it?

Element	General Public		Voted Democrat		Voted Republican	
	Keep	Repeal	Keep	Repeal	Keep	Repeal
The law provides tax credits to small businesses that offer coverage to their employees	78%	18%	92%	6%	59%	36%
The law gradually closes the Medicare prescription drug "doughnut hole" or coverage gap so seniors will no longer be required to pay the full cost of their medications when they reach the gap	72	22	87	8	50	41
The law will provide financial help to low and moderate income Americans who don't get insurance through their jobs to help them purchase coverage	71	24	85	12	39	54
The law will prohibit insurance companies from denying coverage because of a person's medical history or health condition	71	26	82	16	61	35
The law will increase the Medicare payroll tax on earnings for upper income Americans	54	39	75	20	27	69
The law will require nearly all Americans to have health insurance or else pay a fine	27	68	44	49	9	88

Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Poll (conducted November 3-6, 2010)



CHART 15

Among Those Supporting Repeal, Many Still Want to Keep Key Provisions

Among those who support repeal, percent who say lawmakers should keep certain elements:

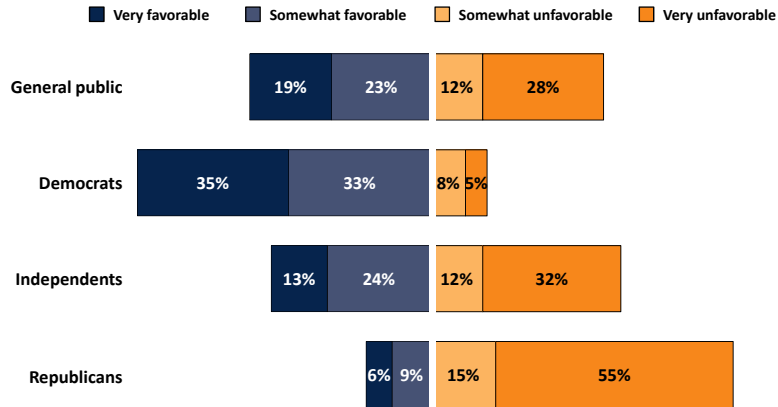
Element	Among BOTH those who say parts of the law or the entire law should be repealed (49%)	Among those who say parts of the law should be repealed (25%)	Among those who say the entire law should be repealed (24%)
The law provides tax credits to small businesses that offer coverage to their employees	68%	85%	51%
The law will prohibit insurance companies from denying coverage because of a person's medical history or health condition	62	75	49
The law gradually closes the Medicare prescription drug "doughnut hole" or coverage gap so seniors will no longer be required to pay the full cost of their medications when they reach the gap	60	77	43
The law will provide financial help to low and moderate income Americans who don't get insurance through their jobs to help them purchase coverage	55	78	31
The law will increase the Medicare payroll tax on earnings for upper income Americans	37	55	19
The law will require nearly all Americans to have health insurance or else pay a fine	11	19	4

Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Poll (conducted November 3-6, 2010)



Views on Health Reform Law Divide Sharply by Party Self-Identification

As you may know, a new health reform bill was signed into law earlier this year. Given what you know about the new health reform law, do you have a generally favorable or generally unfavorable opinion of it?



Note: Don't know/Refused answers not shown.
Source: Kaiser Family Foundation Health Tracking Poll (conducted November 3-6, 2010)



Methodology

This Kaiser Health Tracking Poll was designed and analyzed by public opinion researchers at the Kaiser Family Foundation led by Mollyann Brodie, Ph.D., including Liz Hamel, Claudia Deane, Sarah Cho, Bianca DiJulio, and Theresa Boston. The survey was conducted November 3 through November 6, 2010, among a nationally representative random sample of 1,502 adults ages 18 and older, including 1,017 adults who say they voted in the mid-term elections. Telephone interviews conducted by landline (1,000) and cell phone (502, including 252 who had no landline telephone) were carried out in English and Spanish by Princeton Survey Research Associates. The number of respondents and the margin of sampling error for key subgroups are presented in the table below. For results based on other subgroups, the margin of sampling error may be higher. Note that sampling error is only one of many potential sources of error in this or any other public opinion poll.

	Number of respondents	Margin of sampling error (in percentage points)
Total	1,502	+/- 3
Voters	1,017	+/- 3
Democratic voters	418	+/- 5
Republican voters	481	+/- 5
Non-voters	485	+/- 5

"Voted Democrat" refers to those who said they voted for the Democratic candidate for the House of Representatives in their district, and "Voted Republican" refers to those who reported voting for the Republican candidate. In this survey, 59 percent of the public overall reported voting in the midterm election, which is much higher than the estimated 41.5 percent of the voting-eligible population that actually turned out to vote. Vote over-reporting is common in public opinion surveys, and is a particular concern for data quality if one party's supporters over-report at higher rates than the other party's supporters. In this survey, 43 percent of voters reported voting for the Democratic candidate for Congress and 46 percent for the Republican (2 percent said they voted for some other candidate, 3 percent said they didn't remember, and 6 percent refused to say). If these responses are re-calculated based on those who reported a vote, then 47 percent report voting for the Democrat and 51 percent for the Republican. This is close to the current estimates of the national vote count of 45 percent Democrat, 52 percent Republican. The demographic profile of voters by age and gender in this survey is also similar to national exit polls.

"VOL" indicates that a response was volunteered by respondent, not an explicitly offered choice.

Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.





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This publication (#8120-C) is available on the
Kaiser Family Foundation website at www.kff.org.

The Kaiser Family Foundation is a non-profit private operating foundation, based in Menlo Park, California, dedicated to producing and communicating the best possible analysis and information on health issues.