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HARVARD UNIVERSITY
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SCHOOL OF GOVERNMENT

NATIONAL PUBLIC RADIO/KAISER FAMILY FOUNDATION/KENNEDY SCHOOL OF GOVERNMENT

National Survey on Civil Liberties

November, 2001

Methodology

The NPR/Kaiser/Kennedy School National Survey on Civil Liberties is part of an ongoing project of National Public Radio, the Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, and Harvard University's Kennedy School of Government. Representatives of the three sponsors worked together to develop the survey questionnaire and to analyze the results, with NPR maintaining sole editorial control over its broadcasts on the surveys. The project team includes:

From NPR: Marcus D. Rosenbaum, Senior Editor/Special Projects

From the Kaiser Family Foundation: Drew Altman, President and Chief Executive Officer; Matt James, Senior Vice President of Media and Public Education and Executive Director of kaisernetwork.org; Mollyann Brodie, Vice President, Director of Public Opinion and Media Research; and Rebecca Flournoy, Research Associate.

From the Kennedy School: Robert J. Blendon, a Harvard University professor who holds joint appointments in the School of Public Health and the Kennedy School of Government; Stephen R. Pelletier, Research Coordinator for the Harvard Opinion Research Program; and John M. Benson, Managing Director of the Harvard Opinion Research Program.

The results of this project are based on two nationwide telephone surveys, a main survey and a follow-up. The main survey was conducted in English and Spanish between October 31 and November 12, 2001 among a random representative sample of 1,208 respondents 18 years of age or older. The follow-up survey was conducted between November 20 and 25, 2001 among a random representative sample of 1,010 respondents 18 years of age or older. The fieldwork for both surveys was conducted by ICR/International Communications Research. The margin of sampling error for both surveys is plus or minus 3 percentage points for total respondents. For results based on subsets of respondents the margin of error is higher.

An asterisk () indicates a response of less than 1%.*

I. Introduction

1. What do you think are the two most important issues for the government to address?

September 11 attacks/War on terrorism	53%
The Economy (non specific)	27%
The War in Afghanistan	36%
Education	7%
Healthcare (not Medicare)	5%
Taxes	4%
Foreign Policy (unspecified)	3%
Immigration	3%
Social Security	2%
Federal Surplus/Budget/Deficit	2%
Peace/World Peace/Peace in Middle East	2%
Honesty in government/Other Government	2%
Race/Civil Rights	2%
Moral/Religious Values	2%
Medicare	1%
Programs for Poor/Poverty	1%
Crime/Violence	1%
Drugs	1%
Other	9%
Don't Know	7%

2. How much of the time do you trust the federal government in Washington to do what is right—just about always, most of the time, only some of the time, or none of the time?

	Just about always/Most of the time			Only some of the time/None of the time			Don't know
	NET	Just about always	Most of the time	NET	Only some of the time	None of the time	
11/12/01	58	14	45	41	36	5	1

3. How concerned are you about the invasion of your personal privacy in the United States today? Are you very concerned, somewhat concerned, only a little concerned, or not concerned at all?

	-----CONCERNED-----			-----NOT CONCERNED-----			Don't know
	NET	Very	Somewhat	NET	Only a little	Not at all	
11/12/01	62	35	27	38	21	16	*

4. Please tell me if you agree or disagree with the following statement. It's dangerous to restrict freedom of speech because restricting the freedom of one person could lead to restrictions on everybody—do you strongly agree, mildly agree, mildly disagree, or strongly disagree?

	-----AGREE-----			-----DISAGREE-----			Don't know
	NET	Strongly	Mildly	NET	Mildly	Strongly	
11/12/01	77	47	29	21	12	9	2

5. Do you think the federal government threatens your own personal rights and freedoms, or not?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	30	67	3

(Asked of respondents who think the federal government threatens their own rights and personal freedoms; n = 337)

- 5a. Is this a MAJOR threat or a MINOR threat?

	Major	Minor	Don't know
11/12/01	49	49	2

- 5/5a. Combo Table

	Yes, government threatens your own personal rights and freedoms			No, government does not threaten your own personal rights and freedoms	Don't know
	NET	Major threat	Minor threat		
11/12/01	30	14	14	67	3

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 603)

- 6a. Should the number of people who are allowed to immigrate to the United States from the Middle East be increased, decreased, or kept at its present level?

	Increased	Decreased	Kept at its present level	Don't know
11/12/01	4	57	36	3

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 603)

- 6a1. Should the number of people from the Middle East who are allowed to visit or study in the United States be increased, decreased, or kept at its present level?

	Increased	Decreased	Kept at its present level	Don't know
11/12/01	3	56	38	3

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 605)

- 6b. Should the number of people who are allowed to immigrate to the United States from other countries be increased, decreased, or kept at its present level?

	Increased	Decreased	Kept at its present level	Don't know
11/12/01	6	61	31	1

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 605)

- 6b1. Should the number of people from other countries who are allowed to visit or study in the United States be increased, decreased, or kept at its present level?

	Increased	Decreased	Kept at its present level	Don't know
11/12/01	9	45	45	1

7. To the best of your knowledge, has the Congress recently passed a new anti-terrorist bill, or not?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	53	27	20

8. Now thinking generally about the last 10 years or so, how often do you think American law enforcement agencies have abused their powers? Do you think this has happened very often, somewhat often, not very often, or never?

	-----OFTEN-----			-----NOT OFTEN-----			Don't know
	NET	Very	Somewhat	NET	Not very	Never	
11/12/01	67	25	41	32	30	2	1

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 603)

9. It has been reported that some police officers stop motorists of certain racial or ethnic groups because the officers believe that these groups are more likely than others to commit certain types of crime. This practice is known as racial profiling. Do you approve or disapprove of the use of racial profiling by police?

	Approve	Disapprove	Don't know
11/12/01	21	75	3

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 605)

10. Since September 11th, some law enforcement agencies have stopped and searched people who are Arab or of Middle Eastern descent to see if they may be involved in potential terrorist activities. Do you approve or disapprove of this kind of profiling?

	Approve	Disapprove	Don't know
11/12/01	66	30	4

II. Trust and Confidence in Government

11. In general, do you think the federal government is or is not telling you everything you need to know about the recent terrorist attacks and threat to America today?

	Is telling you everything	Is not telling you everything	Don't know
11/12/01	33	65	2

12. How much confidence do you have in the U.S. government to protect its citizens from future terrorist attacks—a great deal, quite a lot, some or very little?

	-----A great deal/Quite a lot-----			-----Some/Very little-----			Don't know
	NET	A great deal	Quite a lot	NET	Some	Very little	
11/12/01	58	24	34	41	31	10	1

13. Which party do you trust to do a better job (INSERT ITEM), the Republican Party or the Democratic Party?

	Republican Party	Democratic Party	Both equally	Neither	Don't know
a. Fighting terrorism	44	24	13	12	7
b. Protecting the rights and liberties of all Americans	36	39	9	10	7
c. Balancing the need for security at home with the need to protect the rights and liberties of all Americans	39	36	11	8	6

III. Privacy, Civil Liberties and Press Freedom

14. Except for the right to vote or hold office, do you believe that non-citizens living legally in or visiting the United States should or should not have the same legal rights as citizens?

	Should have the same legal rights	Should not have the same legal rights	Don't know
11/12/01	42	56	2

14a. Do you feel very strongly or not very strongly about that?

(Asked of total who feel non-citizens should have same legal rights; n = 506)

	Very strongly	Not very strongly	Don't know
11/12/01	72	27	1

(Asked of total who feel non-citizens should not have same legal rights; n = 677)

	Very strongly	Not very strongly	Don't know
11/12/01	82	17	1

14/14a. Combo Table

	Should have same legal rights			Should not have same legal rights			Don't know
	NET	Very strongly	Not very strongly	NET	Very strongly	Not very strongly	
11/12/01	42	30	11	56	46	10	2

15. In order to curb terrorism in this country, do you think it will be necessary for the average person to give up some rights and liberties, or do you think we can curb terrorism without the average person giving up rights and liberties?

	Necessary for the average person to give up some rights and liberties	We can curb terrorism without the average person giving up rights and liberties	Don't know
11/12/01	51	46	3

16. Do you think you will have to give up some of your OWN rights and liberties in order to curb terrorism, or not?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	58	39	3

17. In the search for those in the U.S. who may have been involved in the terrorist attacks, a number of people have been detained by the FBI and other police agencies. Do you think the basic rights of these individuals have been protected or not?

	Yes, basic rights have been protected	No, basic rights have not been protected	Don't Know
11/12/01	64	22	13

18. And to the best of your knowledge, about how many people have been taken into custody and are still being held as part of the investigation of the September 11th attacks – less than 100, about 500, about 1000, or 2000 or more?

	Less than 100	About 500	About 1000	2000 or more	Don't know
11/12/01	39	27	21	4	9

- 7/18. Knowledge

	High	Medium	Low
11/12/01	14	46	40

19. How important do you think it is to understand why the terrorists carried out their attacks? Is this very important, somewhat important, not too important, or not important at all?

	-----IMPORTANT-----			-----NOT IMPORTANT-----			Don't know
	NET	Very	Somewhat	NET	Not too	Not at all	
11/12/01	82	65	17	18	6	12	1

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 603)

20. Should someone who says that terrorism is the fault of how our country behaves in the world be allowed to:

	Yes	No	Don't know
a. Make a speech at a college	57	38	4
b. Teach in the public schools	33	64	3
c. Work in the government	35	63	3

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 605)

21. Should someone who expresses support for the terrorists be allowed to:

	Yes	No	Don't know
a. Make a speech at a college	38	61	1
b. Teach in the public schools	13	85	2
c. Work in the government	8	90	2

IV. Anti-Terrorist Measures and Recent Legislation

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 603)

- 21a. In order to reduce the threat of terrorism in the US, would you support or oppose giving law enforcement broader authority to do the following things? Would you support or oppose giving them broader authority to (INSERT EACH ITEM)?

	Support	Oppose	Don't know
a. Wiretap telephones	69	29	2
b. Intercept e-mail	72	23	5
c. Intercept ordinary mail	57	39	4
d. Examine internet activity	82	15	3
e. Detain suspects for a week without charging them	58	38	3
e1. Detain terrorist suspects indefinitely without charging them	48	48	4
f. Examine students' education records	76	22	2
g. Examine telephone records	82	17	1
h. Examine bank records	79	20	1
i. Track credit card purchases	75	21	4
j. Examine tax records	75	24	1

(Asked of respondents who support giving law enforcement broader authority to do specified things; n = 575)

21a2. Do you think law enforcement should be required to obtain a court order before conducting these activities, or not?

	Should be required to obtain a court order	Should not be required to obtain a court order	Don't know
11/12/01	68	31	1

21a/21a2.Combo Table

	Support giving law enforcement broader authority to do any specified things			Oppose giving law enforcement broader authority to do any specified things
	NET	Should be required to obtain a court order	Should not be required to obtain a court order	
11/12/01	96	64	30	4

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 603)

21a1. Are you concerned that if law enforcement is granted wider authority in any of these areas, it will be used against innocent people?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	65	34	1

(Asked of respondents who are concerned that if law enforcement is granted wider authority they will use it against innocent people; n = 380)

21a1a. Are you very concerned, somewhat concerned, or only a little concerned?

	Very concerned	Somewhat concerned	Only a little concerned	Don't know
11/12/01	38	44	17	1

21a1/21a1a. Combo Table

	Concerned that if law enforcement is granted wider authority it will be used against innocent people				Not concerned that if law enforcement is granted wider authority it will be used against innocent people	Don't know
	NET	Very	Somewhat	Only a little		
11/12/01	65	25	29	11	34	1

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 603)

21a2. If law enforcement is granted wider authority to act on its own in any of these activities, do you think it will ever use this authority on you or someone you know and respect, or not?

	Will use this authority on you or someone you know and respect	Will not use authority on you or someone you know and respect	Don't Know
11/12/01	44	52	4

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 603)

21a3. Do you think it should be easier for law enforcement to take these actions against people who are not US citizens than it is to take them against US citizens, or should citizens and non-citizens be treated the same by law enforcement?

	Easier to take these actions against people who are not US citizens	Citizens and non-citizens should be treated the same way	Don't Know
11/12/01	41	56	3

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 605)

21b. In order to reduce the threat of terrorism in the US, would you support or oppose giving law enforcement broader authority to do the following things when it comes to Arabs and others of Middle Eastern descent. Would you support or oppose giving them broader authority to (INSERT EACH ITEM)?

	Support	Oppose	Don't know
a. Wiretap their telephones	60	38	2
b. Intercept their e-mail	68	29	3
c. Intercept their ordinary mail	54	42	3
d. Examine their internet activity	75	24	1
e. Detain suspects of Arab or Middle Eastern descent for a week without charging them	51	45	4
e1. Detain terrorist suspects of Arab or Middle Eastern descent indefinitely without charging them	37	61	3
f. Examine students' education records	70	29	1
g. Examine telephone records	77	23	*
h. Examine bank records	75	23	1
i. Track credit card purchases	72	27	1
j. Examine tax records	73	26	1

(Asked of respondents who support giving law enforcement broader authority to do specified things; n = 548)

21b1. Do you think law enforcement should be required to obtain a court order before conducting these activities, or not?

	Should be required to obtain a court order	Should not be required to obtain a court order	Don't know
11/12/01	68	30	2

21b/21b2. Combo Table

	Support giving law enforcement broader authority to do any specified things			Oppose giving law enforcement broader authority to do any specified things
	NET	Should be required to obtain a court order	Should not be required to obtain a court order	
11/12/01	92	61	27	8

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 605)

21b3. Are you concerned that if law enforcement is granted wider authority in any of these areas, it will be used against innocent people?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	67	31	2

(Asked of respondents who are concerned that if law enforcement is granted wider authority they will use it against innocent people n = 409)

21b4. Are you very concerned, somewhat concerned, or only a little concerned?

	Very concerned	Somewhat concerned	Only a little concerned	Don't know
11/12/01	41	44	16	-

21b3/21b4. Combo Table

	Concerned that if law enforcement is granted wider authority it will be used against innocent people				Not concerned that if law enforcement is granted wider authority it will be used against innocent people	Don't know
	NET	Very	Somewhat	Only a little		
11/12/01	67	27	29	10	31	2

(Asked of respondents who support giving law enforcement broader authority to do specified things; n = 548)

- 21b2. Do you think this broader authority should apply only to Arabs or others of Middle Eastern descent who are NOT U.S. citizens, or should it also apply to those Middle Easterners who ARE U.S. citizens?

	Should apply to Arabs or others of Middle Eastern descent who are NOT U.S. citizens	Should also apply to those Middle Easterners who ARE U.S. citizens	Don't know
11/12/01	37	57	6

21b/21b2 Combo Table

	Support giving law enforcement broader authority to do any specified things			Oppose giving law enforcement broader authority to do any specified things
	NET	Should apply to Arabs or other of Middle Eastern descent who are not US citizens	Should also apply to those Middle Easterners who ARE US citizens	
11/12/01	92	34	52	8

Congress has just passed a comprehensive anti-terrorism bill that expands law enforcement's powers to, among other things, wiretap telephones, track e-mail, and detain certain people.

22. One part of the anti-terrorism legislation would make it easier for law enforcement to get what's called "sneak and peek" search warrants. Usually, police must notify people at the time of a search, or at least leave a note saying they had conducted the search. Under the new law, however, police could enter someone's house or office and conduct a search without leaving any kind of notice. Do you favor or oppose this part of the law?

	Favor	Oppose	Don't know
11/12/01	40	58	2

(Asked of total who favor "sneak and peek" part of law; n = 498)

- 22a. Would you still favor it if it applied to everyone and not just suspected terrorists, or would you now oppose it?

	Yes, still favor it	No, now oppose it	Don't know
11/12/01	55	43	2

(Asked of total who oppose “sneak and peek” part of law; n = 681)

22b. Would you still oppose it if it applied only to suspected terrorists, or would you now favor it?

	Yes, still oppose it	No, now favor it	Don't know
11/12/01	38	60	2

22/22a/22b. Combo Table

	-----FAVOR-----			-----OPPOSE-----			Don't know
	NET	Even if applied to everyone	Only if applied to suspected terrorists	NET	Even if applied to suspected terrorists	Only if applied to everyone	
11/12/01	56	22	34	39	17	22	-

23. When the government investigators collect intelligence information about people — from things like wiretaps and Grand Jury testimony — they generally cannot share that information with law enforcement agencies unless they have a court's approval. Under the anti-terrorism bill, this sharing of information will be allowed without a court order. Do you favor or oppose this part of the law?

	Favor	Oppose	Don't know
11/12/01	70	25	4

(Asked of total who favor sharing of information without a court order; n = 866)

23a. Would you still favor it if it applied to everyone and not just suspected terrorists, or would you now oppose it?

	Yes, still favor it	No, now oppose it	Don't know
11/12/01	61	38	2

(Asked of total who oppose sharing of information without a court order; n = 295)

23b. Would you still oppose it if it applied only to suspected terrorists, or would you now favor it?

	Yes, still oppose it	No, now favor it	Don't know
11/12/01	48	51	*

23/23a/23b. Combo Table

	-----FAVOR-----			-----OPPOSE-----			Don't know
	NET	Even if applied to everyone	Only if applied to suspected terrorists	NET	Even if applied to suspected terrorists	Only if applied to everyone	
11/12/01	55	42	13	39	26	12	-

24. From what you know about the new anti-terrorism legislation, do you think that it will increase your security against terrorists, decrease your security against terrorists, or have no impact on this either way?

	Increase your security against terrorists	Decrease your security against terrorists	Have no impact on this either way	Don't know
11/12/01	66	5	24	4

25. How much confidence do you have in the US government to fairly administer the new anti-terrorist legislation—a great deal, a fair amount, not very much, or none at all?

	-----A great deal/A fair amount-----			-----Not very much/None at all-----			Don't know
	NET	A great deal	A fair amount	NET	Not very much	None at all	
11/12/01	82	25	58	17	14	3	1

26. From what you know about the new anti-terrorist legislation, do you think it threatens your own personal rights and freedoms or not?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	32	65	3

(Asked of respondents who think anti-terrorist legislation threatens their own personal rights and freedoms; n = 380)

- 26a. Is this a MAJOR threat or a MINOR threat?

	Major threat	Minor threat	Don't know
11/12/01	36	62	3

26/26a. Combo Table

	New anti-terrorist legislation threatens your own personal rights and freedoms			New anti-terrorist legislation does not threaten your own personal rights and freedoms	Don't know
	NET	Major threat	Minor threat		
11/12/01	32	11	20	65	3

27. Thinking about the future, do you think law enforcement agencies will ever use their new powers to investigate (INSERT ITEM)?

	Yes	No	Don't know
a. anti- government militias	86	9	5
b. extra-marital affairs of people in public life	35	60	5
c. anti-abortion groups	49	44	7
d. anti-war groups	77	20	4
e. groups that advocate violent actions against the US	94	4	2
f. organized crime	87	10	2
g. anti-globalization protest groups	66	24	10

28. And, do you think law enforcement will ever use the new powers, which it has been given to fight terrorism, in order to find and prosecute (INSERT 1st ITEM)? How about (INSERT NEXT ITEM), do you think law enforcement will ever use the new powers which it has been given to fight terrorism in order to find and prosecute (INSERT ITEM)?
(REPEAT ENTIRE QUESTION FOR EACH ITEM)

	Yes	No	Don't know
a. drug users	66	31	3
b. major tax violators	62	34	5
c. non-citizens who are in the country illegally	80	17	3
d. illegal gun dealers	83	15	2

(Asked of respondents who think law enforcement agencies will use their new powers to investigate/find and prosecute specified things; n = 1199)

- 28a. You said you expected law enforcement to use its new powers to investigate or prosecute some types of people not connected with the current terrorist attacks. Generally, do you think this is a good thing or a bad thing?

	Good thing	Bad thing	Both good and bad	Don't know
11/12/01	60	31	6	4

28/29/30a. Combo Table

	Law enforcement agencies will use their new powers to investigate/find and prosecute any of these				Law enforcement agencies will not use their new powers to investigate/find and prosecute any of the	Don't know
	NET	Good thing	Bad thing	Good and bad thing		
11/12/01	99	59	30	6	1	*

V. Other Non-Legislative Measures to Combat Terrorism

29. Have you seen or heard about discrimination against Arabs or Muslims IN YOUR AREA since September 11th?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	39	61	*

30. Since September 11 have you experienced increased security at any airport, public building, park, theater, or other public place?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	53	46	1

(Asked of respondents who have experienced increased security at specific public places; n = 672)

31. How much inconvenience have you experienced because of this added security—a great deal, some, not much, or none at all?

	-----A great deal/Some-----			-----Not much/None at all-----			Don't know
	NET	A great deal	A fair amount	NET	Not very much	None at all	
11/12/01	33	10	23	67	33	34	--

32/33. Combo Table

	Have experienced increased security at specific public places							Have not experienced increased security at specific public places	Don't know
	NET	----A great deal/some----			---Not much/None at all-				
		NET	A great deal	Some	NET	Not much	None at all		
11/12/01	53	18	5	13	36	18	18	46	1

(Asked of respondents who have experienced increased security at specific public places; n = 672)

33. How much inconvenience do you expect in the future – a great deal, some, not much, or none at all?

	-----A great deal/Some-----			-----Not much/None at all-----			Don't know
	NET	A great deal	A fair amount	NET	Not very much	None at all	
11/12/01	64	18	46	35	26	9	1

33/34. Combo Table

	Have experienced increased security at specific public places							Have not experienced increased security at specific public places	Don't know
	NET	----A great deal/some----			---Not much/None at all-				
		NET	A great deal	Some	NET	Not much	None at all		
11/12/01	53	34	10	24	19	14	5	46	1

(Asked of respondents who have not experienced increased security at specific public places; n = 536)

- 34a. Since September 11th, security has increased in many public places. In the future, how much inconvenience do you think this will cause you—a great deal, some, not much, or none at all?

	-----A great deal/Some-----			-----Not much/None at all-----			Don't know
	NET	A great deal	A fair amount	NET	Not very much	None at all	
11/12/01	42	6	36	57	32	25	*

34/35/36a. Combo Table

	11/12/01
Have experienced increased security at specific public places (NET)	53
A great deal/some inconvenience in the future (NET)	34
A great deal	10
Some	24
Not much/no inconvenience in the future (NET)	19
Not much	14
None at all	5
Have not experienced increased security at specific public places (NET)	47
A great deal/some inconvenience in the future (NET)	20
A great deal	3
Some	17
Not much/no inconvenience in the future (NET)	27
Not much	15
None at all	12
Don't know	--

36. Are you a frequent air traveler, do you fly only occasionally, or have you never flown?

	Frequent air traveler	Fly only occasionally	Have never flown	Don't know
11/12/01	10	73	18	*

37. Would you be willing or not willing to pay an extra \$50 for each airplane ticket that you buy in order to help pay for increased security at US airports?

	Willing to pay extra	Not willing to pay extra	Don't know
11/12/01	68	30	2

38. Do you think that the federal government should take over airport security, or should it stay in the hands of private industry?

	Federal government should take over airport security	Should stay in the hands of private industry	Don't Know
11/12/01	60	35	6

VI. Government and the Press/Press Censorship

39. Now that the president has declared war on international terrorism, should the government be able to review and censor news stories that (INSERT), or shouldn't the government be able to review and censor these news stories?

	Should be able to censor	Should not be able to censor	Don't know
a. Discuss troop deployments or military plans	71	26	3
b. Criticize how the President is conducting military actions	36	61	3
c. Report on anti-war protests	40	56	4
g. Report the names of people arrested for terrorist actions	55	43	3

40. Should the government stop the U.S. media from broadcasting interviews or statements by Osama Bin Laden or his lieutenants, or shouldn't the government be able to stop these broadcasts?

	Should be able to stop them	Should not be able to stop them	Don't know
11/12/01	52	45	4

VII. National Identification Card and Protection of the American Flag

41. Would you favor or oppose requiring everyone in the United States to carry an identification card issued by the federal government?

	Favor	Oppose	Don't know
11/12/01	59	38	2

(Asked of respondents who favor everyone in the US to carry an ID card issued by the federal government; n = 699)

42. If issued, would you be willing to have the following pieces of information on it, or not? Would you be willing to have (INSERT ITEM) on it?

	Yes	No	Don't know
a. Your photograph	96	3	*
d. Whether or not you are a US citizen	96	3	*
e. Your fingerprints	88	12	1
f. Your DNA details	64	32	3
g. Your criminal record, if any	73	26	1
h. Your religion	59	41	1
i. Your Social Security Number.	61	38	1
l. The country where you were born	91	8	*

42/43. Combo Table

	11/12/01
Favor requiring everyone in the US to carry an id card	59
Willing to have any of these on it	59
Your photograph	57
Whether or not you are a US citizen	57
Your fingerprints	52
Your DNA details	38
Your criminal record	43
Your religion	35
Your Social Security number	36
The country you were born in	54
Not willing to have any of these on it	*
Oppose requiring everyone in the US to carry an id card	38
Don't know	2

VIII. Has Life Changed Post-9/11? Post-9/11 Fears and Worries

44. Generally speaking, would you say that the terrorist attacks have changed the way that you live your life day-in and day-out?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	34	66	*

(Asked of respondents who say the terrorists attacks have changed the way they live their lives day in and day out; n = 387)

45. How has it changed?

Feel unsafe/tense/vulnerable	40%
More aware/observant	28%
More cautious	27%
More concern for family	10%
Economy slowing	7%
Checking mail thoroughly	7%
Changed travel plans	6%
More security measures	4%
Paying more attention to the news	4%
Have more faith/pray more	3%
More thankful for what I have	3%
Other	14%
Don't know	1%

44/45. Combo Table

	11/12/01
Terrorists attacks have changed the way that you live your life day-in and day-out	34%
Feel unsafe/tense/vulnerable	12%
More aware/observant	10%
More cautious	10%
More concern for family	4%
Economy slowing	2%
Checking mail thoroughly	2%
Changed travel plans	2%
More security measures	1%
Paying more attention to the news	1%
Have more faith/pray more	1%
More thankful for what I have	1%
Other	4%
Terrorists attacks have not changed the way that you live your life day-in and day-out	66%

(Asked of respondents who say the terrorists attacks have changed the way they live their lives day in and day out; n = 387)

45a. Do you think these changes are permanent, or not?

	Permanent	Not permanent	Don't know
11/12/01	60	35	4

46. How much have the terrorist attacks shaken your own personal sense of safety and security? Have they shaken it a great deal, a good amount, not too much, or not at all?

	-----A great deal/Somewhat-----			-----Not too much/Not at all-----			Don't know
	NET	A great deal	Somewhat	NET	Not too much	Not at all	
11/12/01	38	14	24	61	44	18	*

47. These days how much do you worry about terrorism when you're in public places here in the United States—a great deal, somewhat, not too much, or not at all?

	----A great deal/A good amount-----			-----Not too much/Not at all-----			Don't know
	NET	A great deal	A good amount	NET	Not too much	Not at all	
11/12/01	39	11	28	61	36	24	*

48. Since the terrorist attacks on September 11, have you at least once (INSERT) because of concern with your personal safety?

	Yes	No	Don't know
a. Avoided taking a bus or subway	6	93	1
b. Chosen to travel by car, train, or bus instead of by airplane	17	82	1
c. Changed your vacation travel plans	14	86	*
d. Changed your business travel plans	10	90	--

49. Please tell me how likely or unlikely you think it is that the following will occur in the next 12 months. (ITEM)--is it very likely, somewhat likely, somewhat unlikely, or very unlikely to occur in the next 12 months?

	-----LIKELY-----			-----UNLIKELY-----			Don't know
	NET	Very	Somewhat	NET	Somewhat	Very	
b. More anthrax attacks	86	52	34	12	8	4	2
b1. A terrorist attack using another biological weapon like smallpox	72	27	44	26	14	11	3
c. A terrorist attack using a bomb carried in a car or truck	83	40	43	16	9	7	1
e. A terrorist attack using nuclear weapons	41	14	28	57	27	30	2
f. An attack on the water supply	59	19	41	39	23	15	2
g. An attack on the food supply	55	18	37	42	25	17	3

IX. Views of Muslims, Arabs, and Arab-Americans

50. Do you agree or disagree that most Arab-Americans and immigrants from the Middle East are loyal to the United States?

	Agree	Disagree	Don't know
11/12/01	62	27	11

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 602)

51a1. How do you think most Arab-Americans and immigrants from the Middle East feel about the terrorists' cause? Do you think they are more sympathetic to the terrorists' cause than other Americans, or about the same as other Americans on this?

	More sympathetic to terrorists' cause	About the same as other Americans	Don't know
11/12/01	20	73	7

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 602)

51a2. How do you think most Arab-Americans and immigrants from the Middle East feel about the terrorists' acts? Do you think they are more sympathetic to the terrorists' ACTS than other Americans, or about the same as other Americans on this?

	More sympathetic to terrorists' acts	About the same as other Americans	Don't know
11/12/01	18	77	5

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 606)

51b1. How do you think most Muslim Americans feel about the terrorists' cause? Do you think they are more sympathetic to the terrorists' cause than other Americans, or about the same as other Americans on this?

	More sympathetic to terrorists' cause	About the same as other Americans	Don't know
11/12/01	20	73	7

(Asked of one half of total respondents; n = 606)

51b2. How do you think most Muslim Americans feel about the terrorists' acts? Do you think they are more sympathetic to the terrorists' ACTS than other Americans, or about the same as other Americans on this?

	More sympathetic to terrorists' acts	About the same as other Americans	Don't know
11/12/01	12	81	7

XI. Last Questions

52. How long do you think the war on terrorism is going to last? A few months? Less than a year? One to two years? Or more than two years?

	--A few months/Less than a year--			-----1+-----			Don't know
	NET	A few months	Less than a year	NET	One to two years	More than two years	
11/12/01	11	3	8	85	21	64	4

53. Do you think that the US war against terrorism will in the long run make the world a safer place for today's children, a less safe place for today's children, or will it make no difference?

	More safe	Less safe	No difference	Don't know
11/12/01	65	9	24	2

54. Do you think that the people who sent the recent letters containing anthrax spores were foreign terrorists similar to Osama Bin Laden, or domestic terrorists similar to Timothy McVeigh?

	Foreign terrorists similar to Osama Bin Laden	Domestic terrorists similar to Timothy McVeigh	Don't know
11/12/01	43	41	16

XII. DEMOGRAPHICS

Now we have just a few more questions to help classify your answers.

D001/D01a. Combo Table

Were you born in the United States?/Are you a U.S. citizen or not?

	-----Not born in the US-----			Born in the US	Don't know
	NET	Citizen	Not citizen		
11/12/01	8	5	3	92	--

(Asked of respondents who are US citizens; n = 1177)

D01. Some people are registered to vote and others are not. Are you currently registered to vote at your present address?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	84	16	*

D001/D01a/D01. Combo Table

	-----Born in the US/citizen-----			Not citizen	Don't know
	NET	Registered to vote	Not registered to vote		
11/12/01	97	82	15	3	--

(Asked of respondents who are US citizens; n = 1177)

D02. In politics today, do you consider yourself a Republican, a Democrat, an Independent, or something else?

	Republican	Democrat	Independent	Something else	Don't Know
11/12/01	28	35	26	9	2

D001/D01a/D02. Combo Table

	-----Born in the US/Citizen-----					Not citizen	Don't know
	NET	Republican	Democrat	Independent	Something else		
11/12/01	97	27	34	25	8	3	--

(Asked of total independents; n = 307)

D02a. Do you consider yourself closer to the Republican Party or the Democratic Party?

	Republican party	Democratic party	Neither	Don't know
11/12/01	39	39	21	1

Leaned Party table

	Republican	Democrat	Independent	Something else	Don't Know
11/12/01	38	45	6	9	2

D001/D01a/D02/D02a.Combo Table

	-----Born in the US/Citizen-----					Not citizen	Don't know
	NET	Republican	Democrat	Independent	Something else		
11/12/01	97	37	43	6	8	3	--

D03. Would you say your views in most political matters are liberal, moderate, conservative, something else, or haven't you given this much thought?

	Liberal	Moderate	Conservative	Something else	Haven't give this much thought	Don't Know
11/12/01	18	28	23	4	25	1

D04. Are you currently married, living with a partner, widowed, divorced, separated, or have you never married?

	Currently married	Living w/ a partner	Widowed	Divorced	Separated	Never married	Don't Know
11/12/01	52	7	8	11	2	19	*

D05. Including yourself, how many adults, 18 or older, are there living in your household?

	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven+
11/12/01	26	58	11	4	1	*	*

D05aa. Do you currently have children under the age of 18 years at home?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	40	60	*

DO6A. Besides the telephone number I reached you on, how many other telephone numbers, if any, does your household have that I could have reached you on?

	None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven+
11/12/01	72	18	7	3	1	*	*	-

D07A. What is your religious preference? Are you Protestant, Roman Catholic, Jewish, Muslim, some other religion, or no religion?

	Protestant	Roman Catholic	Jewish	Muslim	Some other religion	No religion	Don't Know
11/12/01	42	22	1	*	19	14	*

(Asked of respondents who consider themselves some other religion; n = 214)

D07B. Do you consider yourself a Christian?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	83	17	--

(Asked of total Christians/Protestants; n = 691)

D07C. Would you consider yourself as a born-again or evangelical Christian, or not?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	64	34	2

D07A/D07B SUMMARY TABLE WITH NETS

	Protestant/Other Christian-			Roman Catholic	Jewish	Muslim	Some other religion	No religion	Don't know
	NET	Protestant	Other Christian						
11/12/01	58	42	16	22	1	*	3	14	*

D08. What is the last grade or class that you completed in school?

	11/12/01
High school graduate or less (NET)	50
Less than high school graduate (SUBNET)	17
None, or grade 1-8	3
High school incomplete	14
High school graduate + (SUBNET)	33
High school graduate	30
Business, technical/vocational school	3
Some college or more (NET)	50
Some college, no 4 year degree	27
College graduate + (SUBNET)	23
College graduate	15
Post-graduate training	8
Don't Know	*

D9. What is your age?

	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+
11/12/01	22	42	20	16

D10. Are you, yourself, of Hispanic or Latino background, such as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Latin American background?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	10	90	--

(Asked of total Hispanics; n = 88)

D10a. Are you White Hispanic or Black Hispanic

	White	Black	Don't know
11/12/01	75	13	13

(Asked of total non-Hispanics; n = 1120)

D11. Do you consider yourself to be white, black or African-American, Asian-American, or some other race?

	White	Black/African-American	Asian-American	Some other race	Don't Know
11/12/01	82	13	3	2	*

D10/D10a/D11 RACE SUMMARY TABLE

Are you, yourself, of Hispanic or Latino background, such as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Latin American background? / Are you White Hispanic or Black Hispanic? / Do you consider yourself to be white, black or African-American, Asian-American, or some other race?

-----Non-Hispanic-----			-----Hispanic-----						DK
	White	Black/African-American	Asian-American	Some other race	NET	White	Black	Unspecified	
11/12/01	74	12	2	2	10	7	1	2	*

D12. IS YOUR TOTAL ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME FROM ALL SOURCES, AND BEFORE TAXES:

	11/12/01
Less than \$40K (NET)	47
Less than \$15K	12
\$15K but less than \$20K	7
\$20K but less than \$25K	8
\$25K but less than \$30K	7
\$30K but less than \$40K	11
Less than \$40K (unspecified)	3
\$40K+ (NET)	51
\$40K but less than \$50K	13
\$50K but less than \$75K	17
\$75K but less than \$100K	10
\$100K+	9
\$40K+ (unspecified)	3
Don't Know	1

D13. May a reporter from National Public Radio call you to talk about some of the things we've been discussing?

	Yes	No	Don't know
11/12/01	61	39	1

D14. GENDER:

	Male	Female
11/12/01	48	52

D15. REGION

	Northeast	North Central	South	West
11/12/01	19	23	38	21

D16. METRO STATUS

	Urban	Suburban	Rural
11/12/01	31	46	24

NPR/Kaiser Family Foundation/Kennedy School of Government Survey
National Survey on Civil Liberties
Additional Questions

Methodology

The NPR/Kaiser/Kennedy School National Survey on Civil Liberties is part of an ongoing project of National Public Radio, the Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, and Harvard University's Kennedy School of Government. Representatives of the three sponsors worked together to develop the survey questionnaire and to analyze the results, with NPR maintaining sole editorial control over its broadcasts on the surveys. The project team includes:

From NPR: Marcus D. Rosenbaum, Senior Editor/Special Projects

From the Kaiser Family Foundation: Drew Altman, President and Chief Executive Officer; Matt James, Senior Vice President of Media and Public Education and Executive Director of kaisernetwork.org; Mollyann Brodie, Vice President, Director of Public Opinion and Media Research; and Rebecca Flournoy, Research Associate.

From the Kennedy School: Robert J. Blendon, a Harvard University professor who holds joint appointments in the School of Public Health and the Kennedy School of Government; Stephen R. Pelletier, Research Coordinator for the Harvard Opinion Research Program; and John M. Benson, Managing Director of the Harvard Opinion Research Program.

The results that follow are based on a nation-wide follow-up survey that was conducted between November 20 and 25, 2001 among a random representative sample of 1,010 respondents 18 years of age or older. The fieldwork was conducted by ICR/International Communications Research. The margin of sampling error is plus or minus 3 percentage points for total respondents. For results based on subsets of respondents the margin of error is higher.

An asterisk () indicates a response of less than 1%. Question numbers are not always in numerical order, but all questions appear in the order they were asked of respondents.*

The Kaiser Family Foundation, based in Menlo Park, California, is a nonprofit, independent national health care philanthropy and is not associated with Kaiser Permanente or Kaiser Industries.

CL-1. When it comes to non-citizens who are legally in the United States, should they have the same legal rights if they are arrested as US citizens arrested for the same thing, or should they have fewer rights?

	Should have the same rights	Should have fewer rights	Don't know
11/25/01	70	25	4

(Asked of respondents who say non-citizens if arrested should have the same legal rights as citizens; n = 680)

CL-1a. Would you still feel the same way if they were charged with being terrorists, or would you think they should have fewer rights?

	Would still feel the same if they were charged with being terrorists	Would think they should have fewer rights	Don't know
11/25/01	51	46	2

CL-1/1a. Combo Table

	-----SHOULD HAVE SAME RIGHTS-----			Should have fewer rights	Don't know
	NET	Would still feel the same if they were charged with being terrorists	Would think they should have fewer rights if they were charged with being terrorists		
11/25/01	70	35	32	25	4

CL-2. Last week President Bush signed an executive order to allow the military to conduct the trials of non-US citizens accused of terrorism against the United States. These military tribunals may be held in secret, and military judges, not juries, will decide the cases. (Those who favor military tribunals say they allow suspected terrorists to be tried quickly, and that secret trials will keep national security information from falling into the hands of an enemy/Those who oppose military tribunals say they are more likely to convict innocent people, that in secret trials there is no way to protect against abuses, and that secret evidence gives suspects no real way to defend themselves).
Based on what you've heard, do you favor or oppose military tribunals for non-citizens suspected of terrorism who are captured **OUTSIDE** of the United States?

	Favor	Oppose	Don't know
11/25/01	64	26	10

CL-3. And based on what you've heard, do you favor or oppose military tribunals for non-citizens suspected of terrorism who are arrested **INSIDE** the United States?

	Favor	Oppose	Don't know
11/25/01	64	27	9

CL-4. If military tribunals are used to try non-citizens, do you think people convicted of terrorism by military tribunals should be allowed to appeal their cases to civilian courts, or not?

	Should be allowed to appeal cases to civilian courts	Should not be allowed to appeal cases to civilian courts	Don't know
11/25/01	31	61	8

CL-5. If military tribunals are used to try non-citizens, do you think that the panel of judges on a military tribunal should be able to sentence someone to death for committing terrorism against the United States, or not?

	Should be able to sentence someone to death	Should not be able to sentence someone to death	Don't know
11/25/01	68	25	6

CL-6. Do you think that a military tribunal should have been used to try Timothy McVeigh for bombing the Murrah federal building in Oklahoma City, or was a civilian court the proper place for his trial?

	Military tribunal should have been used	Civilian court was the proper place	Don't know
11/25/01	23	70	7

CL-7. The government has announced that it will listen in on conversations between some terrorist suspects and their lawyers. (Those who favor this say it is needed because the suspects may be using their lawyers to send secret messages/Those who oppose this say people cannot get a fair trial if they cannot plan their defense strategy with their lawyers in total confidence).
Based on what you've heard, do you favor or oppose allowing the government to listen in on conversations between some terrorist suspects and their lawyers?

	Favor	Oppose	Don't know
11/25/01	68	27	5

CL-8. Since September 11th, the government has detained about two thousand non-citizens and is holding them as material witnesses or on charges that normally wouldn't be grounds for keeping them in jail. The government has refused to give out their names, to say specifically what the charges are against them, or to say how many of them have been released. Do you believe the government should give out more information about these detentions, or do you think the government has legitimate reasons for withholding it?

	The government should give out more information	The government has legitimate reasons for withholding it	Don't know
11/25/01	24	71	5



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