

RESOURCE LIST

AIDS Vaccine Advocacy Coalition (AVAC): AVAC is a non-profit, community and consumer based organization that uses public education, policy analysis, advocacy and community mobilization to accelerate the ethical development and global delivery of AIDS vaccines and other HIV prevention options.

www.avac.org

AIDSinfo: The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' comprehensive online resource on HIV/AIDS treatment, prevention and research.

www.aidsinfo.nih.gov

AVERT: An international HIV/AIDS charity based in the United Kingdom dedicated to preventing HIV/AIDS worldwide. AVERT conducts education campaigns in countries with high rates of infection, particularly South Africa and India.

www.avert.org

Foundation for AIDS Research (amfAR): A nonprofit organization dedicated to supporting AIDS research, prevention, treatment and the advocacy of AIDS-related public policy.

www.amfar.org

Global Business Coalition on HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (GBC): An alliance comprising over 200 international companies dedicated to combating HIV/AIDS, TB, and malaria with private sector resources.

www.businessfightsaids.org

The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (The Global Fund): An international partnership between public and private organizations that finances programs to fight HIV/AIDS, TB and Malaria.

www.theglobalfund.org

Global Media AIDS Initiative (GMAI): GMAI's mission is to leverage the power of media to prevent the spread of HIV and reduce the stigma associated with HIV and AIDS.

www.thegmai.org

GlobalHealthFacts.org: An online interactive resource of the Kaiser Family Foundation providing up-to-date data by country on HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and other key health and socio-economic indicators.

www.globalhealthfacts.org

HIV InSite: The University of California San Francisco School of Medicine's comprehensive online resource on HIV/AIDS treatment, prevention, policy and research.

www.hivinsite.org

International AIDS Society (IAS): The world's leading independent association of HIV/AIDS professionals.

www.iasociety.org

International AIDS Vaccine Initiative (IAVI): A global non-profit, public-private partnership working to accelerate the development of a vaccine to prevent HIV infection and AIDS.

www.iavi.org

International Finance Corporation Against AIDS (IFC Against AIDS): A member of the World Bank Group, the IFC Against AIDS initiative, is a program of the IFC dedicated to promoting and protecting sustainable development in regions threatened by HIV/AIDS.

www.ifc.org/ifcagainstaids

International HIV/AIDS Alliance (AIDS Alliance): A global partnership of nationally-based organizations working to support community action on AIDS in developing countries.

www.aidsalliance.org

Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS): The joint venture of the United Nations family, bringing together the efforts and resources of ten UN organizations in the AIDS response to help the world prevent new HIV infections, care for people living with HIV, and mitigate the impact of the epidemic.

www.unaids.org

Kaiser Family Foundation: The Foundation's gateway on U.S. global health policy provides journalists and others with up-to-date information about global health issues and includes an interactive tool providing country-specific health and other data.

<http://globalhealthpolicy.kff.org>

Roll Back Malaria (RBM): A global partnership created by the WHO, UNICEF, UNDP and the World Bank. RBM coordinates international malaria-control activities, bringing together over 90 public and private organizations, international agencies, malaria-endemic countries, and research and academic institutions.

www.rbm.who.int

Stop TB Partnership: An international network of public and private organizations dedicated to the elimination of tuberculosis.

www.stoptb.org

U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID): The international development agency of the U.S. government, facilitating economic, political and public health-related initiatives in developing nations and a major part of the U.S. international HIV response.

www.usaid.gov/our_work/global_health/aids/index.html

U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC): The principle agency in the United States government for protection against infectious and chronic diseases. CDC is a major participant in bilateral and multilateral initiatives on HIV/AIDS and other diseases.

www.cdc.gov

U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA): An agency of the U.S. government regulating the development and application of food and medicinal products. FDA approval sets the international standard for accepted HIV/AIDS drugs and therapies.

www.fda.gov

U.S. National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID): A division of the U.S. National Institutes of Health for studying HIV and other diseases.

www.niaid.nih.gov

U.S. State Department Office of the Global AIDS Coordinator: The office that leads and coordinates all international HIV/AIDS-related efforts of the United States government, including PEPFAR.

www.state.gov/s/gac

United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF): An agency of the United Nations committed to improving the quality of life of children worldwide, including children living with and affected by HIV.

www.unicef.org

United Nations Development Programme (UNDP): An agency of the United Nations for improving local infrastructure, poverty reduction and human rights. UNDP plays an important role in the fight against HIV/AIDS, as poverty and other related socio-economic problems contribute greatly to the spread of the epidemic.

www.undp.org

World Bank HIV/AIDS: A division of the World Bank dedicated to the prevention and mitigation of HIV’s social, economic and strategic impact.

www.worldbank.org/aids

World Health Organization (WHO): The WHO is the directing and coordinating authority for the health efforts of the United Nations system, responsible for providing leadership on global health issues.

www.who.int