

Figure 1



Latinos and HIV/AIDS

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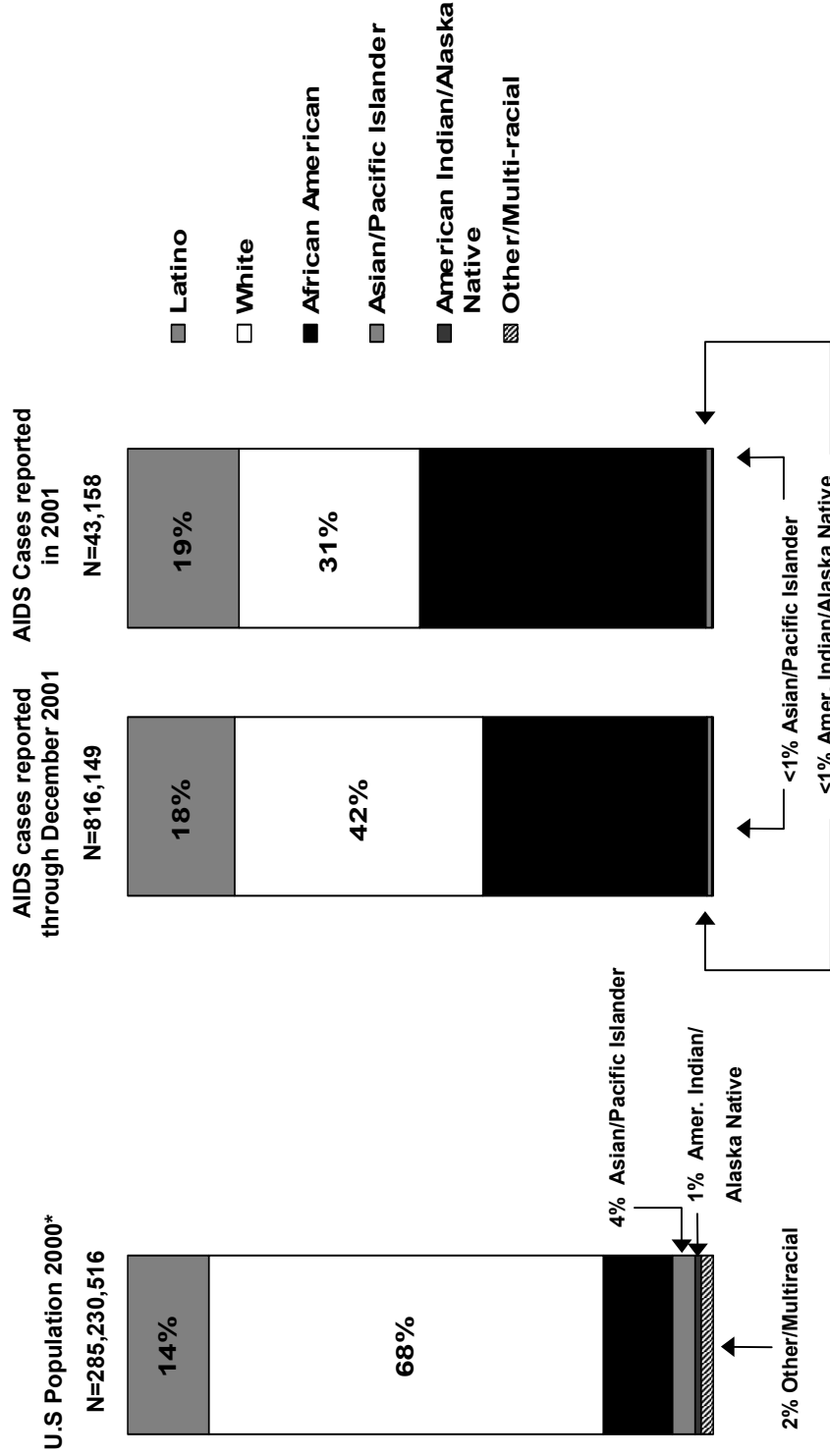
Presentation for:

**Kaiser Family Foundation/
National Alliance of State and Territorial AIDS Directors
Capitol Hill Briefing on
Latinos and HIV/AIDS**

July 24, 2003



Figure 2 New and Cumulative AIDS Cases and Estimated Population, by Race/Ethnicity



*Includes Puerto Rico.

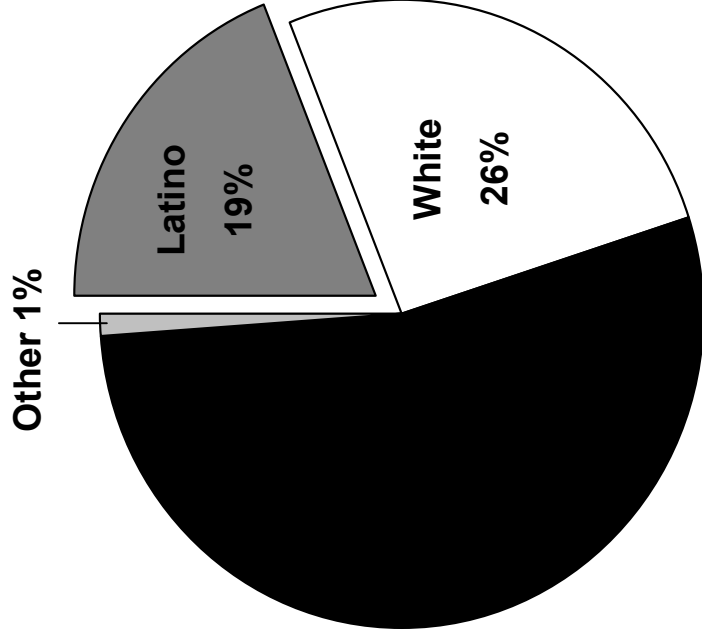
Note: May not total 100% due to rounding. White, African American, Asian/Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaska Native, and other/multi-racial groups do not include those of Hispanic or Latino origin. In the 2000 Census, people were allowed for the first time to report more than one racial category. In the population bar in this exhibit, percentages for each population group do not include people who reported more than one racial category. These individuals are included in the category "other/multi-racial."

Sources: Sources: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, Year End Edition 2001, Vol. 13, No.2.; U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2000 Summary File 3 (SF3) – Sample Data.



Figure 3

Estimated Annual New HIV Infections, by Race/Ethnicity, 2002

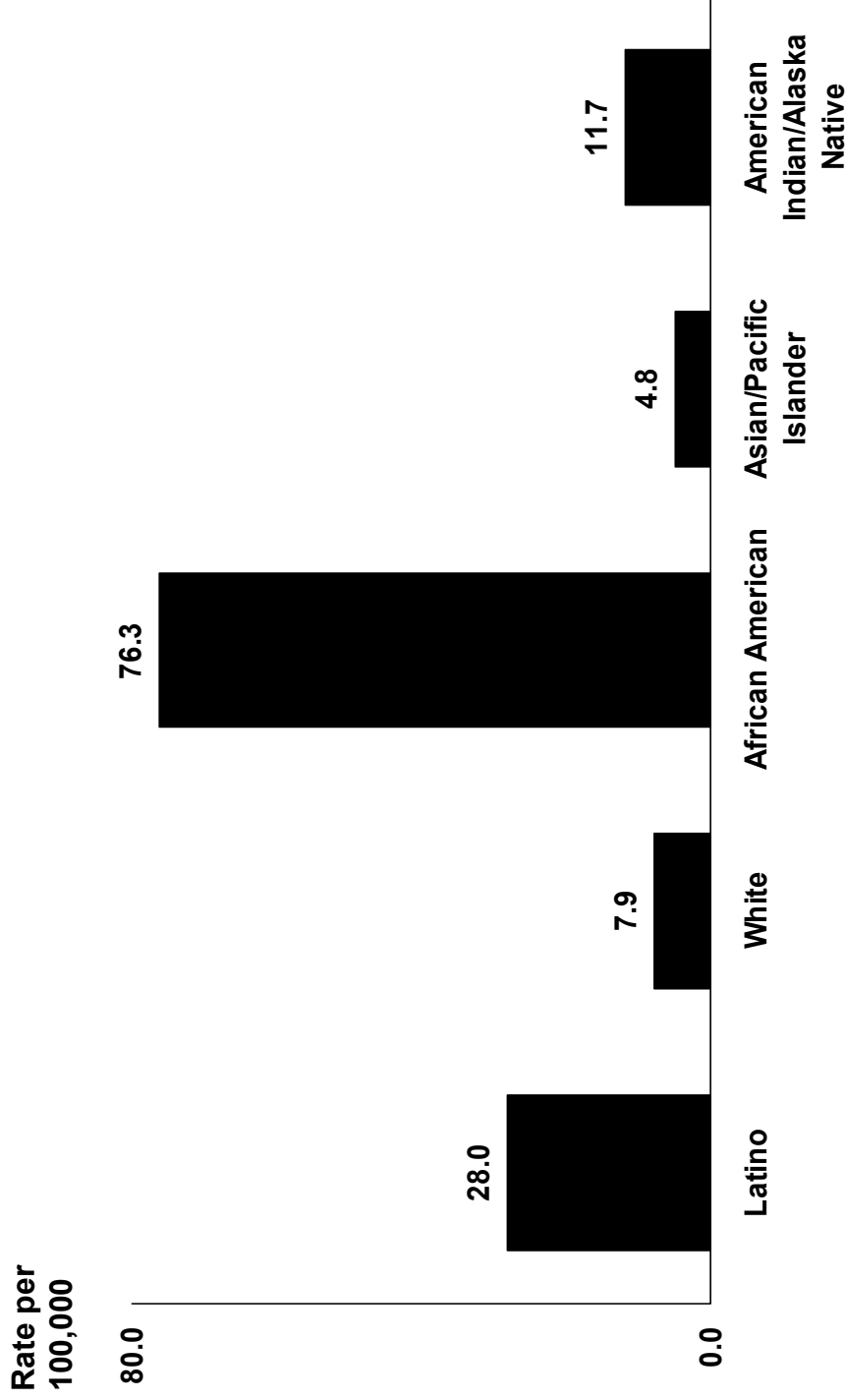


N = 40,000

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *HIV/AIDS Update: A Glance at the Epidemic*, February 2002.

Figure 4

AIDS Case Rates per 100,000 Population, by Race/Ethnicity, 2001



Note: Includes reported cases among those 13 years of age and older. White, African American, Asian/Pacific Islander, and American Indian/Alaska Native groups do not include those of Latino origin.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, Year End Edition 2001, Vol. 13, No.2.



Figure 5

HIV as a Cause of Death, by Sex, Age, and Race/Ethnicity, 2000

Age	20-24	25-34	35-44	25-44
Latinos	10 th	5 th	3 rd	4 th
Whites	*	6 th	6 th	5 th
African Americans	6 th	3 rd	3 rd	1 st
Latino Men	8 th	4 th	2 nd	3 rd
White Men	*	6 th	5 th	5 th
African American Men	6 th	3 rd	1 st	3 rd
All Men	7 th	6 th	5 th	5 th
Latinas	*	4 th	4 th	4 th
White Women	*	7 th	9 th	9 th
African American Women	5 th	1 st	3 rd	3 rd
All Women	8 th	5 th	4 th	4 th

*HIV does not appear among the top 10 leading causes of death in these categories.

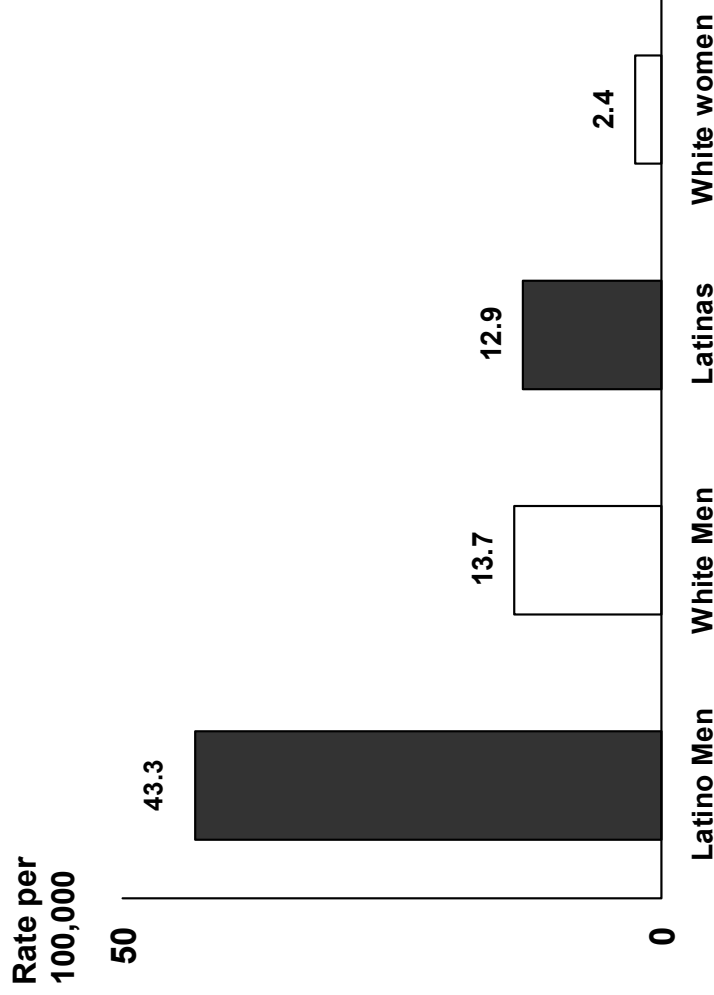
Note: White and African American groups do not include those of Latino origin.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, National Vital Statistics Reports, Leading Causes of Death for 2000*, Vol. 50, No. 16, September 2002.



Figure 6

AIDS Case Rates per 100,000 Population Among Latinos and Whites, by Sex, 2001



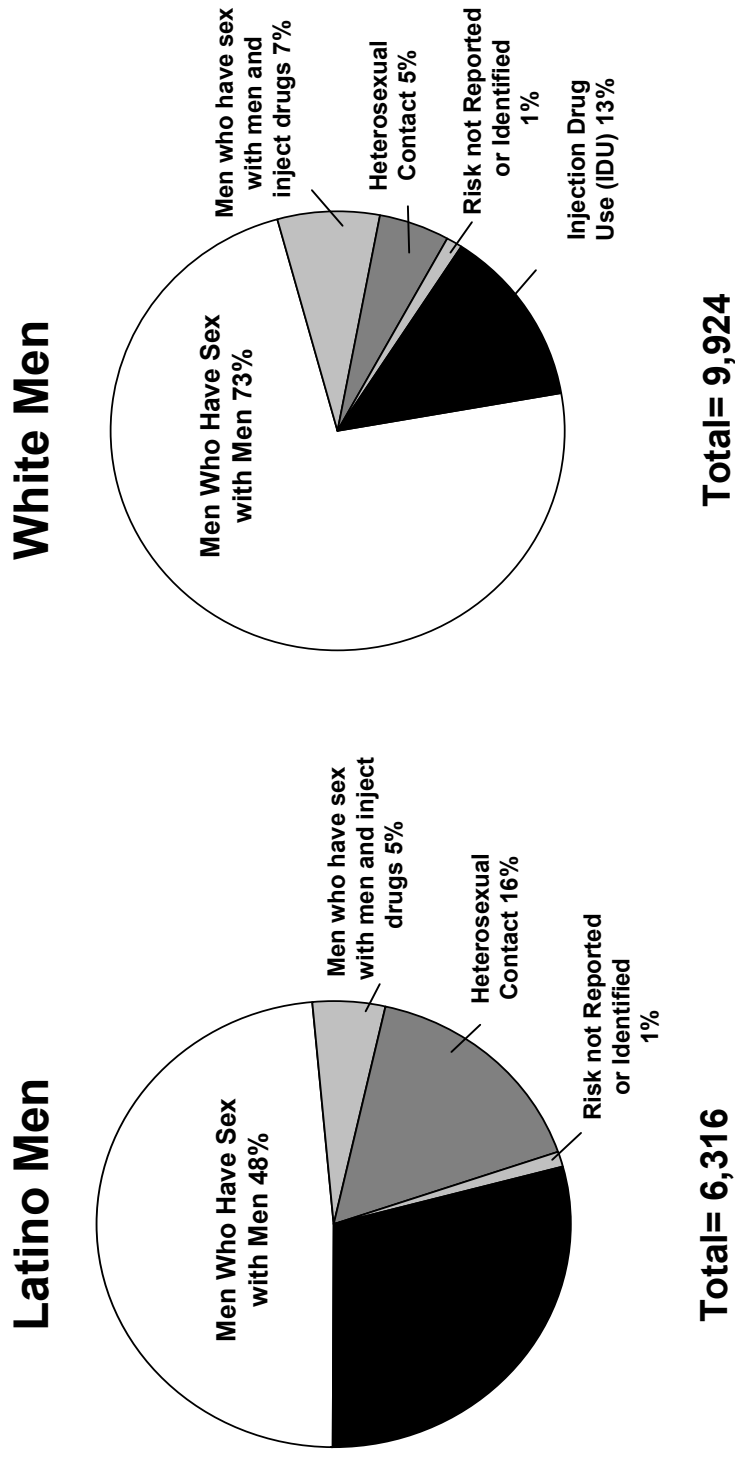
Note: Includes reported cases among those 13 years of age and older. White groups do not include those of Latino origin.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, Year End Edition 2001, Vol. 13, No.2.



Figure 7

Estimated AIDS Cases Among Latino Men and White Men, by Exposure Category, 2001



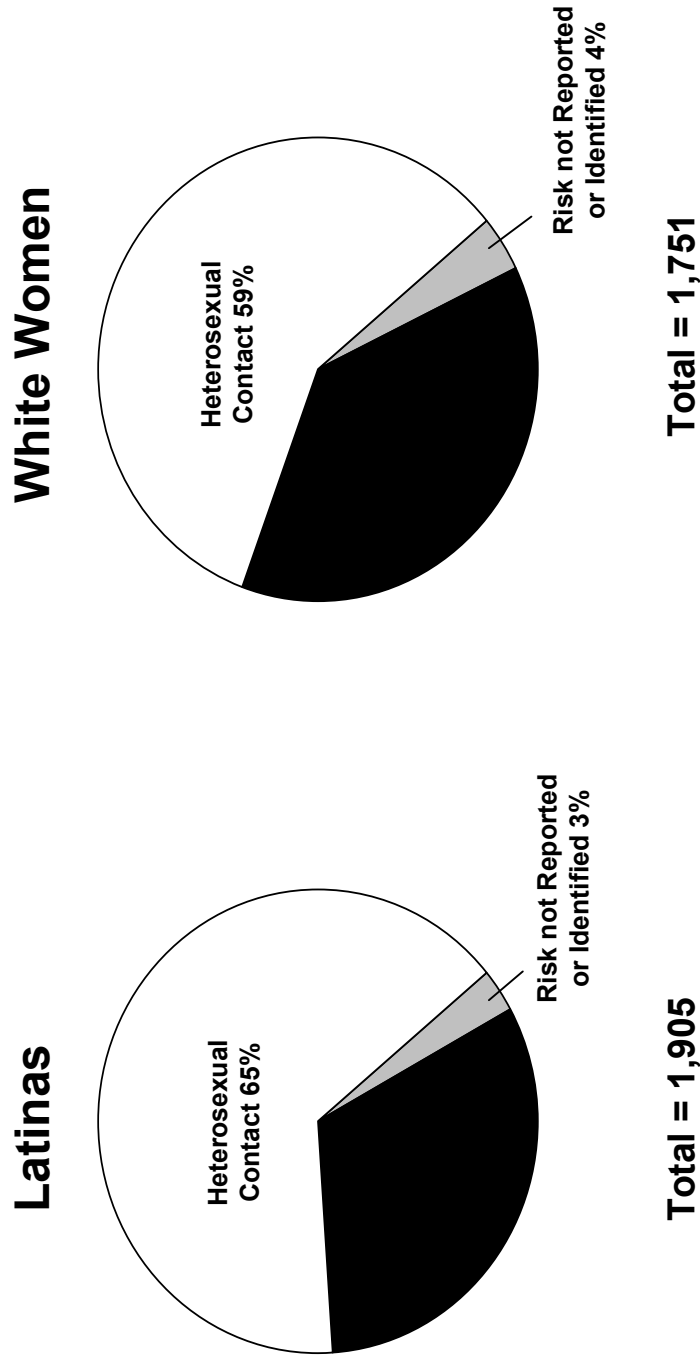
Note: Includes estimated cases diagnosed among those 13 years of age and older, after the reclassification of cases where cause for exposure was not reported or identified. White does not include those of Latino origin.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, Year End Edition 2001, Vol. 13, No.2.



Figure 8

Estimated AIDS Cases Among Latinas and White Women, by Exposure Category, 2001

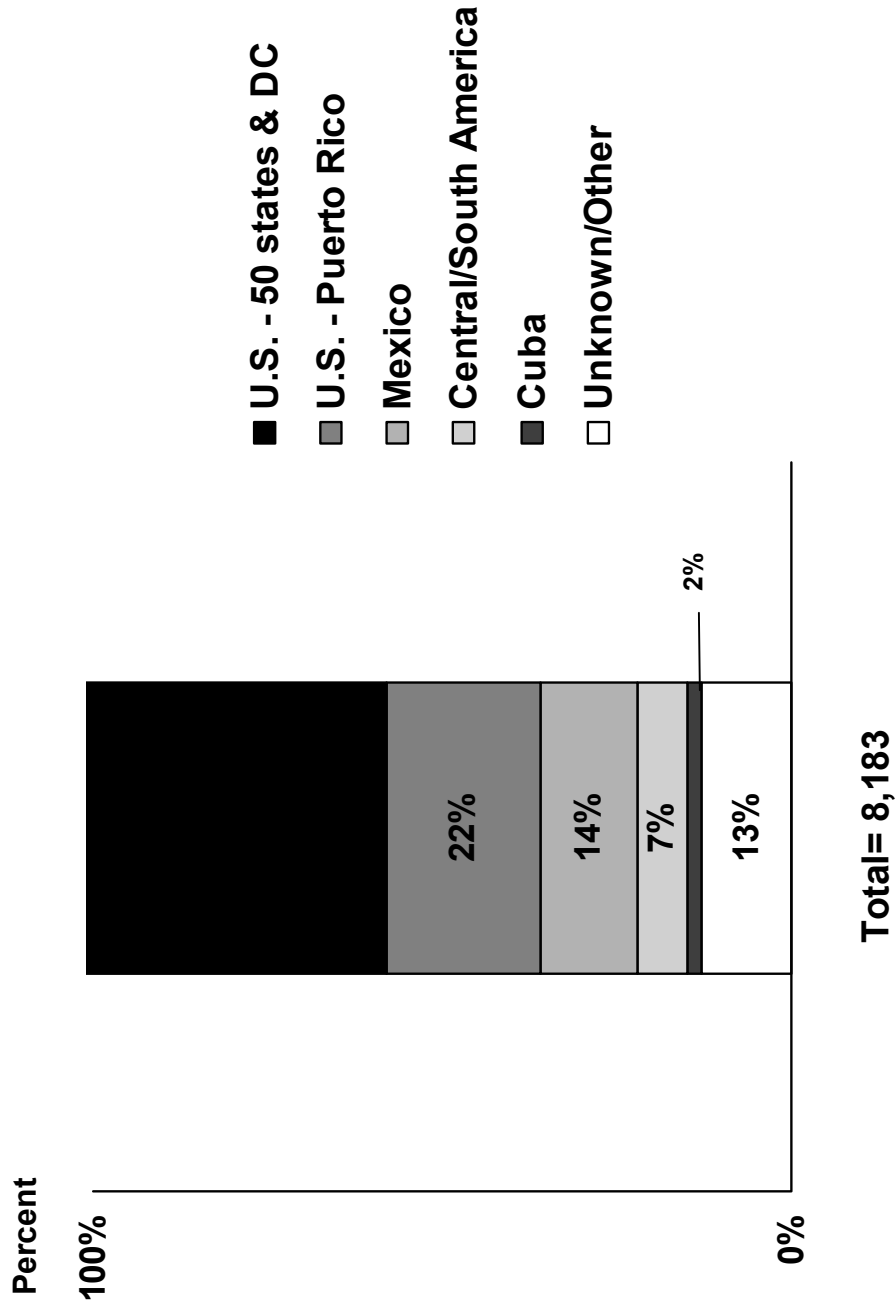


Note: Includes estimated cases diagnosed among those 13 years of age and older, after the reclassification of cases where cause for exposure was not reported or identified. White does not include those of Latino origin.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, Year End Edition 2001, Vol. 13, No.2.

Figure 9

AIDS Cases Reported Among Latinos, by Place of Birth, 2001



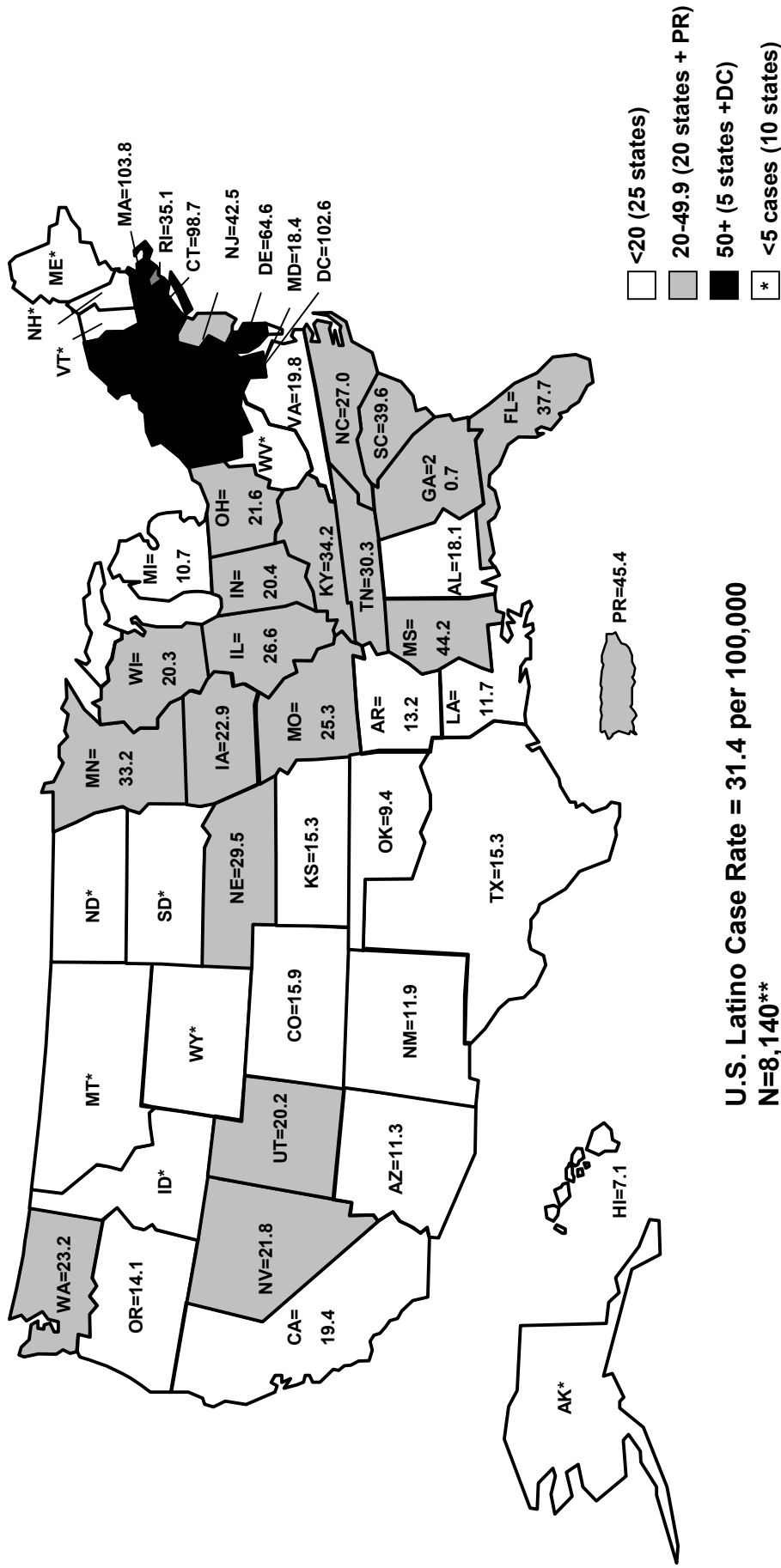
Note: Includes reported cases among those 13 years of age and older.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, Year End Edition 2001, Vol. 13, No.2.



Figure 10

AIDS Case Rates Among Latinos, by State, 2000



**Total includes cases with unknown state of residence.

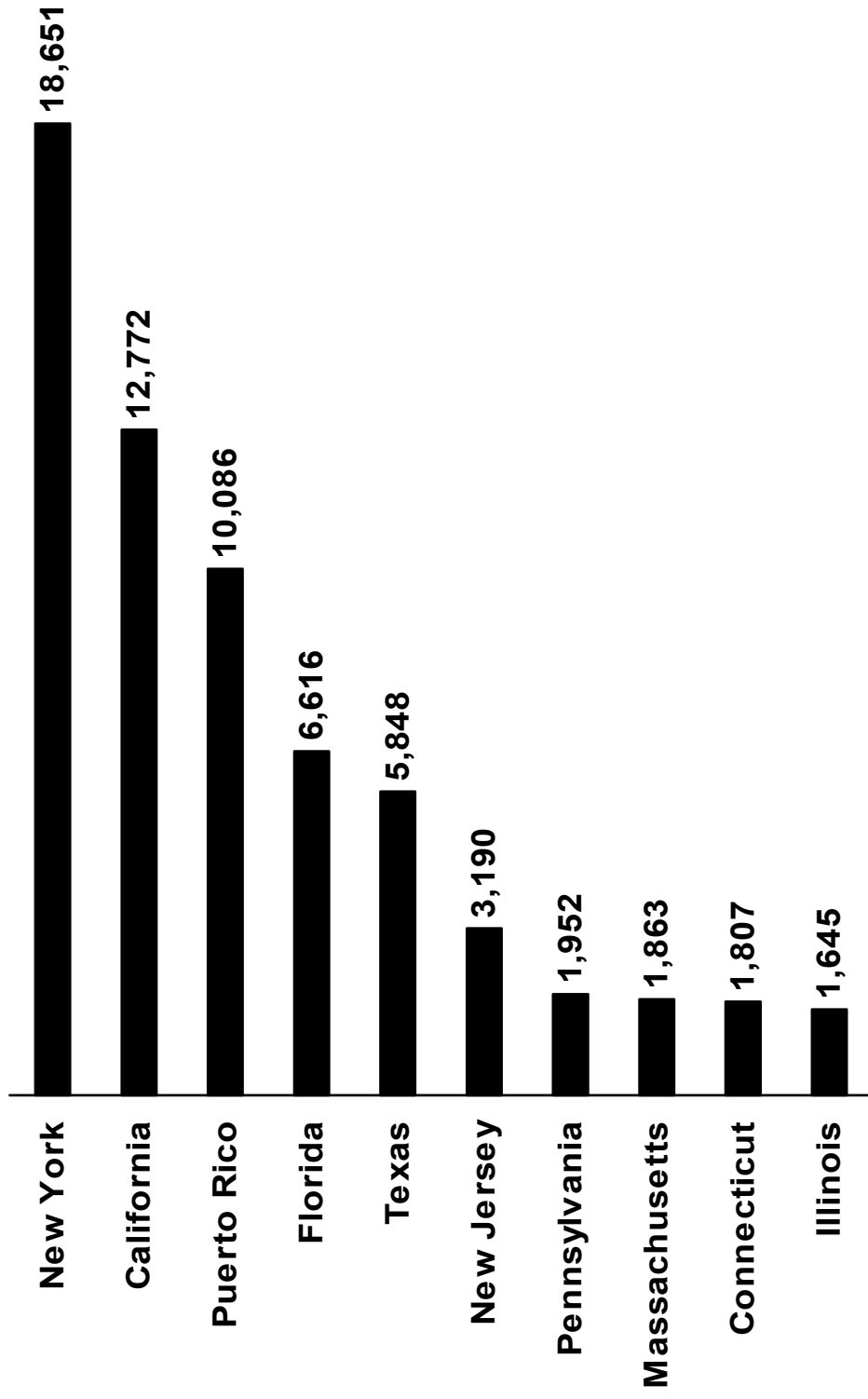
Note: Rates per 100,000 Latinos. Includes reported cases among those 13 years of age and older. These rates should be interpreted with caution – high rates in some states may be more indicative of a small Latino population rather than a large number of AIDS cases.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV/AIDS Surveillance by Race/Ethnicity, L238 Slide Series Through 2000.



Figure 11

Number of Latinos Estimated to be Living with AIDS: Top 10 States, 2001



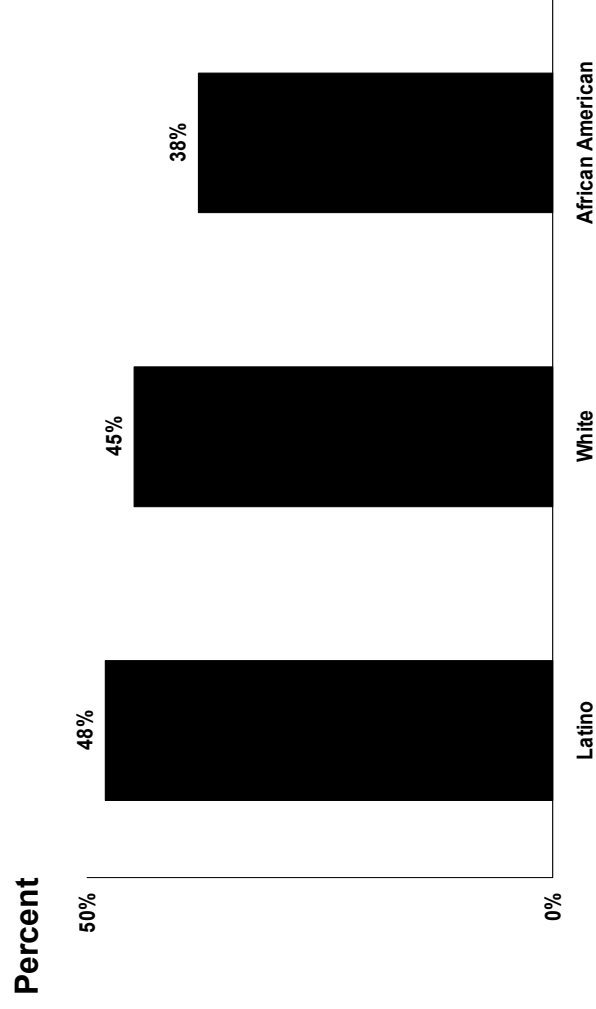
Note: Persons estimated to be living with AIDS as of the end of 2001.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Supplemental Report, Vol.9, No.2, 2003.



Figure 12

Percent of People with HIV/AIDS Learning of Diagnosis Late in Illness, by Race/Ethnicity, 1994-1999



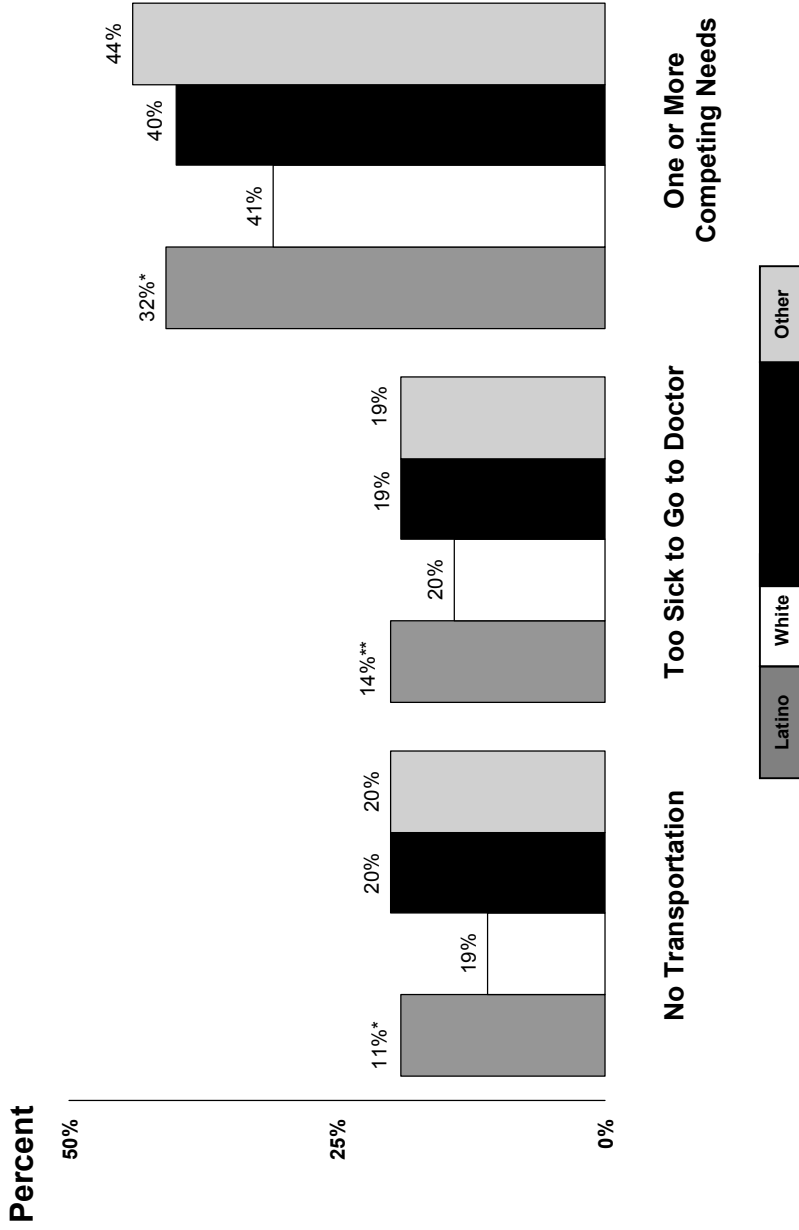
Note: Data based on national HIV/AIDS surveillance data from 104,780 persons in 25 states between 1994 through December 1999. Late diagnosis was defined as having AIDS diagnosis within one year of the first reported HIV diagnosis. White and African American groups do not include those of Latino origin.

Source: Neal J. and Fleming, P., "Frequency and Predictors of Late Diagnosis in the United States, 1994 through 1999," 9th Conference on Retroviruses and Opportunistic Infections Poster Presentation 474M, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, February 2002.



Figure 13

Reasons for Postponing Care Among Persons with HIV/AIDS in Care, by Race/Ethnicity, 1996



•Results significantly different at $p < .01$; ** Results significantly different at $p < .05$.

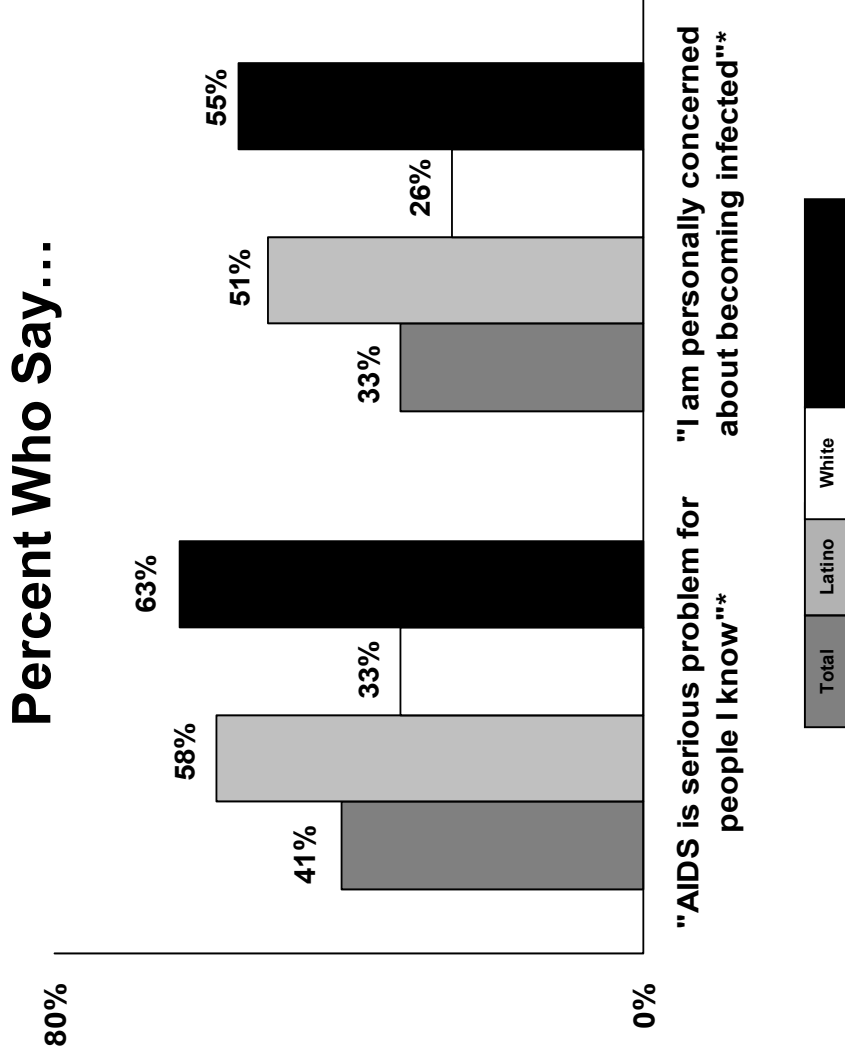
Note: Includes persons 18 years and older. White and African American groups do not include those of Latino origin.

Source: Cunningham, et al., "The Impact of Competing Subsistence Needs and Barriers on Access to Medical Care for Persons with Human Immunodeficiency Virus Receiving Care in the United States." Medical Care, Vol. 37, No. 12. 1999.



Figure 14

Perception of AIDS as Problem Close to Home, by Race/Ethnicity, 2002



•Combines "very" and "somewhat" responses.

Note: White and African American groups do not include those of Latino origin.

Source: The Washington Post/Kaiser Family Foundation, National Survey on the Public's Attitude's towards HIV/AIDS in the U.S. and the World, July 2002.

